Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1869. NUMBER 200.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, August 31, 1869.

A grand fete was given at Crystal Palace last evening in honor of the Harvard and Oxford boat crews, by the London Rowing Club. Mr. Layton, President of the Club, occupied the chair. All the members of the Harvard crew were present except Loring, but Willan alone represented the Oxfords. There were also present one hundred and twenty invited guests, including Charles Dickens, Thos. Hughes, Edmund Yates, Capt. Anderson and many other notables. Messrs. Motley and Moran were invited guests but were unable to attend. The rooms were tastefully decorated with American and British flags as well as those of different clubs. After the dinner toasts were given to the "Queen of England" and the "President of the United States," which were drank with enthusiastic and prolonged cheers.

Charles Dickens was received with repeated rounds of applause, and it was some minutes before he could speak. He playfully alluded to the fact of the Chairman's deputing him to propose the toast of the evening, "The Oxford and Harvard Crews." [Cheers.] He said a remarkable and effecting volume was published at the time of his last visit to America. That volume contained the biographies of ninety-five of the Harvard students, who at one time or another bore arms in the service of their country. Nothing was more remarkable in these descendants of our forefathers than the invincible determination with which they fought against odds in the late war, and the dauntless spirit with which they sustained defeat. Who would say, after the contest of Friday, that Harvard was less true to herself in peace than in war! Who could fail to recognize in the boat's crew the leaven of her soldiers, and not feel she has now a greater right than ever to be proud of her sons and take them to her breast when they return with resounded acclamations!

The Duke of Wellington said there was only one thing worse than a great victory —a great defeat. But there was another sense in the use of the term "a great defeat." Such was the defeat of the handful of daring fellows who made a dash of thousands of miles in order to meet conquerors in their own domain. (Cheers) A defeat, such as that which the Harvards had sustained. (Cheers) He regretted the absence of the Oxford men He would not say much of them, good or bad. If anything was to be said to their disparagement, it was that they won so often. He thought they could afford to lose in the event of another contest. He was sure he expressed his own feelings, the feelings of the Oxford, and the feelings of Englishmen, when he bade the Harvards a cordial welcome, and wished them good speed on their home journey. The victory might be with the Harvards next time. Meanwhile he assured them of an enthusiastic welcome at home, which would find an echo in every corner of England. He concluded amid great applause.

Coupling a toast with the names of Simmons and Willan, Mr. Simmons replied briefly. He expressed his warmest thanks for the cordiality and hospitality extended the Harvard crew. While recognizing their defeat, he hoped the next crew, or the same crew, if they come over again, would find in that defeat their success. They had been benefitted by the experience. Looking to the crew by which they were defeated he had no reason to be ashamed.

Mr. Willan, on the part of the Oxfords, regretted the unavoidable absence of the remainder of the crew. With respect to the race, as an old hand he said it had not been won easily. It was the best race he ever rowed.

Thomas Hughes then toasted the "London Club." He referred to his own experience and the glories of English Universities. He asserted Harvard University, in producing James Russell Lowell, John Lothrop Motley, Ralph Waldo Emerson and Lewis Agazziz, had reason to pride itself. Future generations would regard some of the Harvards with the veneration given to our Hampdens and others in past generations. Mr. Playford proposed the toast, "Our Visitors." He regretted that the Harvards had not used a "coach." No crew could attain perfection without a "coach." He urged them to use one in their future training.

After the toast to the London club, Mr. Rice proposed "the Harvards," only to give cheers on account of the courtesy and kindness shown by the club. They were given amid great applause.

At the conclusion there was a grand display of fireworks, in honor of the occasion.

The *Standard* has the following criticism on the late boat race: "The rowing of the Harvards was rather injudicious. It was too fast to last. The want of a good recovery left them tucked up over their oars at the end of the stroke. They reached out well, and rowed with straight backs and arms, but there was no work in their stroke. Though the Oxonians were heavier, it does not follow that weight brought them in first. It was rather their style. In the long run style is sure to win when strength is equal."

Messrs. Loring, Fay and Blaikie, of the Harvard Club, Mr. Elliott, their boat builder, and Mr. Ticknor return to New York on the steamer City of Antwerp, which sails to morrow.

The brilliancy and power of the sun during the past week has been highly favorable to the crops in the British Isles and a large harvest is now certain. Nowhere in Europe has there been such falling off in the price of cereals as in England, and unless greater encouragement is given it will be found foreign imports will be on a much smaller scale after the subsidance of the effects of the late rise.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 30.—The city is full of rumors to-day regarding the health of the Emperor, and a perfect panic prevails on the Bourse in consequence of statements made on the subject by different parties and individuals. While these rumors, which are merely the work of stock jobbers, are being circulated, there is no doubt that the state of the health of the Emperor is really such as to create anxiety on the part of the public. He suffers from disease of the bladder. The different political parties in and out of the Legislature are busily speculating as to the issue of his physical affection. The Imperial family is also alarmed. It is said the Empress Eugenie will hasten back from Corsica immediately, in consequence of the receipt of news of such import from home, and her trip to the east will be abandoned.

Prince Napoleon Bonaparte intends, it is said, to make a democratic speech in the Senate some day during the ensuing week, but his friends are opposed to its delivery just now. They allege if the present empire should fall, his pretended democracy will not save his position in the eyes of the French people. The Empress condemns his conduct as unwise and ungrateful.

The story of a conspiracy, followed by executions, on board the United States frigate Sabine, at Cherbourg, which was telegraphed from Paris some days since, is absolutely contradicted.

A note from the American legation contradicts the report which prevailed here on Sunday, that a dangerous conspiracy had been discovered on board the frigate Sabine, and pronounces the story utterly without foundation.

PARIS, August 31.—The Empress Eugenie will remain at Ajaccio a day or two. She will return to Paris some time between the 3d and 9th of September.

The Emperor was at work yesterday with M. Forcade De La Roquette.

The *Public* says the Emperor will give audiences to visitors to-day.

SPAIN.

Don Carlos has embarked at Guypusio for England. He has abandoned for the present his attempt to provoke a rising in Spain, and will wait a more favorable opportunity.

A dispatch from Ajaccio announces the Empress is indisposed, and the Prince Imperial will assist alone at the festivities there in honor of Napoleon.

The French journals have received copies of a manifesto inciting insurrection, signed "President De Comite Buttus."

SOUTH AMERICA.

PARIS, August 31.—The *Journal Official* has intelligence from Acunsion that the installation of the Provisional Government there meets many obstacles which render doubtful the practicability of the measures resorted to by the allies for the pacification of the country. President Lopez holds a position of great strength in the mountains, and want of provisions compel the allied army to remain inactive.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 31.—Ismail Pacha has begun his preparations for a voyage to this city.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 31.—Turkish troops have been concentrated in the vicinity of Constantinople for review, in honor of the Empress Eugenie. Thirty thousand men have gone into camp at Beicos, eight miles from Scutari.

CHINA.

PARIS, August 31.—The capture of Hokadadi by the Mikado is confirmed.

Newspapers of this city assert that Burlingame received a dispatch from the Chinese Government expressing a cordial recognition of the treaties ne concluded with America and the different European States.

AUSTRIA.

LONDON, August 31.—The quarrel between Austria and Prussia in all probability will be amicably settled. Von Beust has made friendly overtures to the Prussian Government.

MARINE NEWS.

BREST, August 31.—The steamship St. Lawrence sailed for New York yesterday.

GLASCOW, August 31.—The steamer Moravian from Quebec has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 31.—*Evening.*—Consols for money, 93¼. American securities: Five-Twenty Bonds at London, '65, 83¾; '67, 83; '62, 83¼. Sixty-Twos at Frankfort firm at 88¼; Erie, 23; Illinois, 94½; stocks steady.

PARIS, August 31.—Bourse is firm. Rentes 72f. 15c.

LIVERPOOL, August 31.—Cotton market dull: middling uplands sold at 13½d; Orleans 13⅝@13¾d.; the sales were 6,000 bales, including 3,000 bales on speculation and export. California white Wheat, 10s. 8d.@10s. 10d: red western, 9s. 6d. Flour 24s. 9d. Corn, 30s. 6d. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 44s. Pork 107s. 6d. Beef 90s. Lard 77s. Cheese 61s. 6d. Bacon 66s. 6d. Spirits Petroleum 8d.; refined 1s. 8d. Naval stores dull.

LONDON, August 31.—Tallow 46s. 9d. Spirits Petroleum 9¾d.

ANTWERP, August 31.—Petroleum firm at 55½f.

SCRANTON, PA.

The City Quiet—Voting on the Resumption of Work by the Miners' Unions.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SCRANTON, August 30.—All is quiet here to-night. The bars and saloons in the city have been closed by order of Mayor Hill. Four hundred citizens have been enrolled as volunteers, under command of Col. C. E. Boyce. All the coal mines are heavily guarded.

At the request of miners belonging here, but employed in other districts, who have returned since it was voted to resume work, that question has been reopened, and a final ballot will be taken by the Miners' Union to-morrow morning.

Six mines were worked to day, but none with full force. Many miners from other localities left here on the evening trains.

The miners of the Delaware and Hudson company, at Olyphant, voted to-day to return to work.

Later advices say the miners are not at work to-day, but the invaders had cleared away and the prospects of an early settlement of the troubles were gratifying.

The miners of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad to-day voted by 441 to 221 to immediately resume work. A strong citizens' demonstration had the best effect. There is every prospect of a full resumption of the mining with little delay.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, August 31, 1869.

By the direction of the President, Brevet Lieut. Colonel C. H. Carlton is detailed as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio.

The President arrived this morning and during the forenoon received quite a number of visitors. Acting Secretary Richardson and Commissioner Delano had a long interview with him relative to Internal Revenue appointments and other matters.

At noon the Cabinet convened, there being present Secretaries Fish, Rawlins, Robeson and Cox, Postmaster General Cresswell, Assistant Secretary Richardson and Assistant Attorney General Field.

The meeting adjourned at five o'clock. Various matters of public importance formed subjects of conversation, but no definite action was taken concerning them. Secretary Fish read a telegram received by him from Mr. Burlingame, denying the report that the Chinese Government has rejected the treaty with the United States.

The President will receive visitor tomorrow and leave on the night train for Saratoga.

The President and Secretary Fish have a conference to-morrow on the Glasgow Consulship, when it is probable a successor to Col. Haggerty will be appointed.

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day were $425,781: total for the month, $15,015,446; total for the current fiscal year, $46,602,456.

The following revenue appointments were made to-day: Crowly P. Drake, Assessor of the 5th Michigan District: R. J. Chestnut Wood, Collector of the 9th Indiana District.

There was received from bank note printing companies to-day at the Treasury Department $97,500 in fractional currency.

The Athletic base ball club of Philadelphia defeated the Nationals of this city to-day. Score: 33 to 20.

CINCINNATI.

Homicide Case—Woman's Suffrage Convention—Sabbath School Convention—&c., &c.

CINCINNATI, August 31.—A hearing of the David Kirby murder case was had before the police court to-day. Phillip Wareham was held to answer the charge of murder in the first degree before the Court of Common Pleas. Wm. Howard was also held as accessory to the same. No bail admitted. Hinz and Eastabrook, who had been arrested on suspicion, were discharged.

The Executive Committee of ladies to provide for the Woman Suffrage Convention, to be held here on the 15th and 16th of September, have secured Pike's Hall for the purpose. Among the speakers secured for the occasion are Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, of Chicago, Miss Susan B. Anthony Mrs. E. Cady Stanton, Mrs. Myram M. Cole, of Sydney, O, Mrs. Sarah B. Chase, M. D., of Cleveland, O.

The Kentucky State Sabbath School Convention met in Covington, Ky., today. It is largely attended.

The billiard match for the championship of the State will be played between Fred Ackerman and Tony Honing, at Mozart Hall, on September 13th.

Five hundred teachers of this city and neighboring public schools are attending the Normal Institute now in session.

Hon. John R. Craven and other leading citizens of Madison, Indiana, are agitating the forming of a railroad connection between that city and the Cumberland and Ohio R. R. at Eminence, Ky.

An excursion party from the Chamber of Commerce to San Francisco set out to-day at noon.

The Red Stockings played the Buckeye base ball club to-day. The game closed at the 8th inning, Red Stockings winners by one hundred and three to eight.

The weather cloudy and cool, thermometer ranging from 64 to 73.

CHICAGO.

Railroad Freight House Burned—Heavy Loss.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, August 31.—The freight house of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad at Quincy, was completely destroyed by fire last night. The tracks on both sides of the freight house were covered with freight cars and some twenty of them were totally destroyed with contents. twenty other cars were more or less injured. A portion of the cars belonged to the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad, but a large majority to the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy. The money and some valuable papers in the freight house were secured, but the books and papers pertaining to the road from its organization were destroyed. The total loss will probably reach one hundred thousand dollars, most of which will fall upon the road, they being their own insurer. The fire is supposed to have originated in one of the freight cars standing near the freight house, which was a frame building about three hundred feet in length.

Southern Illinois Normal University was to-day located by the Commissioners at Carbondale, Jackson county.

QUEBEC.

Laborer's Strike—Military Called Out to Prevent a Riot.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

QUEBEC, August 31. —The ship laborers are on a strike and the trade of the port is almost at a stand still Yesterday the laborer's societies, numbering three thousand seven hundred persons, marched in procession through the streets and their conduct was so disorderly that the military was called out to prevent a riot. The Mayor and several prominent citizens were very roughly handled.

Arch Bishop Kendrick, of St. Louis, is now here on his way to Rome. He preached to a large congregation at St. Patricks yesterday.

CAPE MAY.

Extensive Fire at Cape May—Loss $400,000.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CAPE MAY, August 31.—The most destructive fire that ever occurred here broke out at three o'clock this morning in the American Hotel. The fire originated in the Japanese store of Paul Boynton on the ground floor, and spread rapidly throughout the first building until it was a total wreck. The building was one hundred by sixty feet. The lower portion was occupied for stores, and the remainder of the house by guests. The flames spread to the United States Hotel on the east side of Decatur street, and from thence to the Atlantic Hotel on the beach below. Both these buildings were commodious and were entirely destroyed, together with all their contents.

The loss in personal property and valuables of the guests will be very heavy. The wind was north and blowing freshly, which no doubt, saved a great portion of the city from destruction. Several cottages and smaller buildiags in the line of the fire were entirely destroyed. The Atlantic and United States Hotels were valued at $150,000 each, and the American at $75,000.

Among the buildings destroyed are the following: The Post office; the City Surveyor's office; the United States Hotel; American Row, formerly the American Hotel, including several stores; Ferris Colleges; Huffnall's drug store; Mc'Makin's new Atlantic Hotel; the property on both sides of Decatur st., Barrett's Bowling saloon; McCann's Hotel, etc. Everything was destroyed from Ocean st. on the east to Jackson st. on the west, from Washington street on the north to the beach on the south, except the Columbia House, which, with the Centre, Ocean and Lapierre Houses, was saved. A row of buildings on Washington street, opposite the old American House stores, were damaged by water and some of them were torn down. The estimate of the loss is $175,000. The United States Hotel was sold, last week, to Chas. Conway, of Philadelphia, for $80,000.

Theloss by the Cape May fire is estimated at $250,000. Boynton, the Pearl Diver, in whose store the fire originated, has been arrested charged with causing the fire. The United States Hotel was valued at $90,000; insured for $47,000.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The steamer America, from Bremen, has arrived at New York.

—The steamship China, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

—The Alert base ball club, of Rochester, N. Y., has started on a western tour.

—Mrs. E. B. Washburne and family sailed yesterday for Europe on the Silesia.

—The New York Democratic State Convention is called for September 22d at Syracuse.

—The first bale of Middle Tennessee cotton was received at Nashville yesterday from the plantation of A. G. Henderson, near Smyrna.

—The cotton mill at Barberville, R. I., John T. Sheldon & Sons, proprietors, was burned on Monday. Loss $40,000; insured for $30,000.

—Frank Butler, in a fit of despondency left his bed Monday night or early Tuesday morning, in St. Louis, and hung himself in an out house.

—A convention was held at Springfield, Mo., to consider the project of building a railroad from Kansas City, Mo., to Memphis, Tenn., via Springfield, Mo.

—W. S. Saville, apothecary's clerk in Boston, who sold laudanum for rhubarb, causing the death of Mr. Norton, has been admitted to bail in $2,000 to answer a charge of manslaughter.

—The Masonic Fraternity of Louisville are about erecting a Widows' and Orphans' Home at a cost exceeding $100,000, upon ground donated for that purpose by several liberal citizens.

—The track lying upon the Louisville branch of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad is progressing satisfactorily. The road is expected to be ready for use by the first of December.

—Advices from the lower counties of Kentucky state that thirty-five men of the State Guards will be mounted at Lebanon and start with guides for the mountains in search of Regulators.

—A dispatch from Boston says: Pearl street is a heavy sufferer by the recent failure of a boot and shoe firm in St. Louis. The claims of seven firms amount to $200,000 and three houses are nearly ruined.

—The uniform rule of the New York Police Commissioners has been modified, so as to permit officers to be relieved of wearing uniforms in special cases by the Board, or its members, or the Superintendent.

—A great fire is raging in the Dismal Swamp, North Carolina. Many miles of fences and cords of wood have been destroyed and numerous wild animals have been driven out into the open country.

—The freight train from Louisville for Memphis, through the negligence of a workman on the road, ran off the track near Brownsville, yesterday, smashing several cars and fatally injuring the fireman and engineer.

—The passenger train from Chattanooga for Memphis ran through a bridge, near Courtland, Ala., on Monday, demolishing the engine, baggage and smoking cars. Fortunately, no one was in the smoking car at the time.

—The gas in an empty oil tank on a freight train on the Boston and Albany Railroad, at West Newton, exploded Monday night, causing the death of Samuel Preston, conductor, by burning. A brakeman was slightly injured.

—Benjamin Brown, of Stapleton, Staten Island, a graduate of Harvard, offers to give $5,000 toward defraying the expenses of the Oxford crew, if they will consent to row the Harvards on either the Hudson or Charles river next autumn.

—The brewery of Kirschoff & Co., at Melrose, Westchester county, N. Y., has been seized for violation of the revenue law, and the proprietors held for examination. One hundred thousand dollars worth of lager is held to await the result.

—At Philadelphia, last evening, a fire destroyed Earl's picture gallery in the large brown structure on Chestnut street, below Eighth. Loss heavy, including many valuable paintings. One firemen was killed by falling through of a skylight. The Continental Hotel was at one time in danger, but escaped injury.

—The Havana journals give no credit to the reports that the United States government has made propositions to Spain for the separation of Cuba from the mother country, and declare that if any such proposals have been made, they can have but one result—refusal.

—Preparations for the International Exposition at Buffalo, N. Y., are being rapidly brought to a conclusion. The Treasury Department has instructed collectors of customs to admit duty free from Canada all articles for exhibition, under bond, for sixty days

—The annual gathering of the American Spiritual Association took place at Buffalo yesterday. About two hundred delegates were present, representing associations from Massachusetts, New York, Vermont, New Jersey, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Kansas. The session will probably occupy three days.

—Rev. P. J. Murphy, a well known Catholic Priest, late of Iowa, but formerly of Illinois, while attempting to get on a train of cars yesterday afternoon, at the crossing of the O. & M. and E. & C. Railroad near Vincennes, Indiana, fell between the cars and was run over and killed. He was on his way to Washington, Ind., where he has relatives living.

—A meeting of colored men was held at Nashville yesterday afternoon to investigate the disturbances at Smyrna, Rutherford county, Tenn, a number of refugees from that vicinity being present. Hon. John Trumbull, Neill Brown and Henry S. Foote took part in the meeting, which finally adjourned, without doing anything, till two P. M. today.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, August 31.—Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat opened dull, with sales of 7,500 bus No. 2 Chicago at $1,30, 7,500 bus No. 1 red Toledo at $1,48½, and later 38,000 bus No. 1 red Toledo and amber Ohio and Michigan at $1,40, and in the afternoon 7,500 bus No. 1 Toledo at $1,41 afloat; $1,40 was asked for No. 2 Milwaukee Club, with no disposition to operate on the part of holders. Corn quiet, with sales of 30,000 bus, per sample, at 93@95c; 8,600 bus very choice western at $1,00; car lots and small parcels No. 2 western at 97@98c; market sound for sound parcels. Oats; car lots are selling slowly at 50c for old, and 52c for new. Rye nominal at $1,15. High-wines lower; asking about $1,15. Other articles unchanged.

CHICAGO, August 31.—At open board this afternoon but little was done in the grain market, and prices underwent no important change; No. 2 spring wheat was a trifle firmer, selling at $1,27@1,28 seller September, and closing easier for cash. Wheat nominal. Corn quiet and firm; seller September changing hands at 87¾c; for last half at 88¾c. Oats inactive and nominal at 42⅛@42¾c seller September. Provisions dull. In the evening the grain markets were dull at $1,28 for No. 2 wheat seller September, and $1,28½ cash; 88c for corn, and $1,25 for barley seller September.

OSWEGO, August 31.—Flour unchanged. Wheat dull; 5,000 bush Milwaukee club at $1,44; 3,000 do No. 1 at $1,36; 3,000 do at $1,39; 1,800 choice amber winter at $1,50. Corn dull; 3,000 bush No. 2 at $1,07 @8,00; No 1 at 1,10. Canal frieghts; wheat 10c; corn 9c to New York. Lake imports; 1,500 bush wheat. Canal exports; 240,000 bush wheat; 8,000 do corn.

NEW ORLEANS, August 31.—Cotton; sales 164 bales; middling nominally at 32c; receipts of 257 bales. Flour; lower grades scarce; superfine at $5,80; double extra at $5,30. Corn; 97½c, for mixed; $1,05, for white. Oats at 66c. Bran at $1,05. Hay at $26,50@27. Other articles unchanged,

NASHVILLE, August 31.—Wheat market weak, red $1,10; amber $1,10; white $1,20. Flour $8,50 per bbl for best brands. Corn $1. Oats 65c, Rye 90c. Barley $1,10. Bacon: sides 19½c; shoulders 15½c. Hams 39c. Lard 21½c.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., August 31.—Beef Cattle: receipts, 785 head; prices full and firm: extra $12,25@12,75; first quality $11,50@12.00. Sheep and Lambs: receipts, 8,148 head; prices rather better; sales 3¾@7c.

PITTSBURGH, August 31, 1869.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE: In your issue of Monday, August 30, 1869, we notice an item, "Hampton's Battery at Gettysburg," which is all correct except that it should read, *Thompson's Battery at Gettysburg*, from the fact that Thompson commanded his own battery and Hampton's Battery did not then exist, their *materielle* or guns, &c. having been "turned in" shortly after the battle of "United States Ford." part of their men being assigned to duty temporarily with Battery "H," Ohio artillery, and part of them with Thompson's Battery, where they remained until the spring of 1864, when, by additions of recruits, they were in point of numbers able to organize. Such, sirs, is a simple statement of facts which we hope you will make available.

Very truly,
R. C. HAZLETT,
JAS. STEPHENSON,
(Formerly officers in Thompson's Battery.)

A CURIOUS MARRIAGE occurred last week in St. Louis. A stone blind bridegroom was led by his blushing bride to the altar of a Justice of the Peace. That honest and benevolent functionary felt it to be his duty to inform the poor blind man that the chosen of his heart was really one of the ugliest women in the world, and that she had already, to his certain knowledge, buried two husbands. To this the bridegroom responded that he had seen the lady a great many years ago, and that, according to the best of his recollection, she was then "a thing of beauty" and "a form of life and light." As the unfortunate man insisted upon being married to this dream of his earlier and happier days, the knot was tied; but the Justice swore that he couldn't in conscience take a fee for doing it; and so the poor victim was led away rejoicing.

THE Austrian flag, which bore the symbol of the Holy Roman Empire, has been replaced since the 1st of August by a new Austro Hungarian flag, composed in equal portions of the red and white colors of the Austrian archduchy, minus the former imperial crown, and of the red, white and green colors of the Hungarian kingdom. Thus perishes the last vestige of the Holy Roman Empire of Austria.

Ventilation.

[From Good Health.]

We have now to describe one of the best and simplest modes of ventilating ordinary rooms with which we are acquainted. It is one equally applicable in winter as well as in summer, because all draught is avoided; for, even if a window be opened at the top, a downward draught is frequently felt, and in rainy weather it is often impossible to keep the window open. The present plan is applicable in all kinds of weather, and would be perfect if the ventilation could be effected nearer to the ceiling.

As it can be applied at an expense of a few cents, and as no unsightly appearance is made, it is equally applicable to the cottage and to the mansion. A piece of wood an inch or more in thickness, three inches wide, and exactly as long as the breadth of the window through which ventilation is to be established, is to be prepared. Let the sash now be raised, and let the slip of wood be placed upon the side of the window; the sash is then to be drawn down closely upon the slip of wood. If the slip has been well fitted—and the fitting may be made more complete by adapting it to the grooves in the sash and its frame, if any exist—no draught will be experienced in consequence of the displacement of the sash at this part. The effect of such an arrangement is, however, to cause a separation betwen the bars of the sashes at the centre, By this means a perpendicular current of air will be projected into the room between the glass in the upper and lower sashes and their respective bars, or else the current will pass outward in the reverse direction, in a manner by which all inconvenience from draught will be avoided.

Supposing that two or more windows at opposite sides of a room are fitted in this manner, a very satisfactory ventilation will be secured. Owing to a difference in its equilibrium, the air will rush in on one side and rush out on the other side of the apartment. If the slips of wood are painted of the same color as the windows themselves, they will attract little notice.

A MODERN CLAUDE DUVAL has just made his escape from the city prison in New York. In the first place he tore his blanket into shreds, which he plaited into a rope. The next thing was to reach the aperture in the cell. About nine feet is the height of the cell, and this aperture is near the ceiling. Wrenching from its place on the opposite wall a board extending the width of the cell, he jammed it in between the walls under the aperture. Here was a platform upon which to stand. Fastening one end of the rope to the bedstead, the great and chief obstacle was to get out of the aperture, which is a slit or porthole twenty-eight inches long, the length being parallel with the ceiling and six inches wide. It is cut into the solid granite block so as to allow no enlargement without difficult, prolonged and skilled appliances of the masonic art. But, at last, so say the prison guardians, he got his body through this aperture. The rest was easy. His rope was strong and trusty. His nerves were strong, and stillness and caution in descent were all that were required to breathe the air of freedom again. Lowering himself to the female prison, which at this end connects with the lower part of the male prison, he thence climbed up the outer wall of the prison, an affair of climbing by the way much easier said than done, and then again fastening the rope, let himself down outside the wall into Elm street.

THE *Monde* of the 5th, in order to show that the first revolution in France was not directed principally against the higher orders, quotes the following figures: "The French revolution, which certain writers have set themselves the task of justifying, was not, as they say, the work of the people, who suffered as much or even more than the wealthy, from the odious excesses for which efforts are now made to render them responsible. The following statistics are eloquent on the point: Nobles executed, 1278; women of the same class, 750; together, 2028. Nuns, 350; priests, 2135; together, 2485. Females of the laboring classes, 1467; commoners of all conditions, 13,633; together, 15,100. Women of the people killed in La Vendee, 15,000; children, 22,000; together, 37,000. At Nantes the number of Carrier's victims was 32,000, of whom the nobles and clergy formed only a very small portion, namely, nobles drowned, 1400; priests shot, 300; drowned, 460. In recapitulation we find: commoners or working classes, 82,000; priests and nobles, 6673."

A FOREIGN journal, in giving an account of the various cemeteries at Paris, says that in the Cemetery of Ivry, where criminals are interred, prisoners who have been guillotined are buried, according to a time-honored custom, with their heads between their legs. This practice may have been first adopted to distinguish the vulgar malefactor from the decapitated martyr, who, interred with his head in his hands, gave rise to the fable about St. Dennis.

THE Cleveland *Herald* says: The Wabash and Lake Shore consolidation has been accomplished. The new line between the Erie road and Toledo has been abandoned. Cleveland is to be the Northwestern terminus of the broad gauge line. The Erie is to have a narrow gauge track from Buffalo to New York, and has proceeded in good faith to do that work. The agony concerning the projected rival lines in Northern and Northwestern Ohio is over.

THE Mexican Government is making the most extensive preparations for Mr. Seward's reception. He is to be furnished with a large escort the moment he lands, and instructions have been issued to all the authorities of the country to treat him as the nation's guest. On reaching the capital, Mr. Seward is to receive a succession of *fetes*, and during his sojourn there he will probably be the guest of President Juarez.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MY IDEAL.

Small, frail of figure, young; and like a child
For utter trust and large and loving eyes;
With hair like golden seaweed, running wild
In glistening clusters to a tiny waist,
A rosebud mouth, with sayings not too wise,
But very sweet to hear; a satin skin,
White mostly, but flushed faintly from within
With rosy lights—as when a lamp is placed
With porcelain vase—as though a rose
With blown, white heart were slowly growing red,
Like pearls entwined with blossoms, she shall wed
To Nature's charms all grace that art bestows.
She shall be pure and true enough to greet,
A poor relation in the gaping street! W. C.
(Saint Paul's)

EPHEMERIS.

—Mayor Kalbfleisch of Brooklyn is dead.

—324 deaths occurred in Philadelphia last week.

—Dumas, *pere*, is hard at work on his cook-book.

—The Duke of Edinburgh plays the violin passably.

—The servant and principal heir of Humboldt is dead.

—In Toledo, Ohio, there is a society called the He-sorosis.

—The widow of Heinrich Heine has married a Frenchman.

—$20 is the admission fee to Ristori's entertainment in Rio.

—When last heard from, Mr. Louis A. Godey was in Norway.

—Cincinnati is enjoying the agonies of the school book question.

—Governor Senter, of Tennessee, is only thirty-six years old.

—The Boston *Post* says Byron's character has been Stowe-len.

—Two large pictures by Gustave *Dore* have arrived in New York.

—A plague of cholera is devastating the dominion of the Shah.

—The Sultan is said to have two Christianized Turks in his Cabinet.

—New cranberries are already coming from their home in New Jersey.

—Key West has not escaped her annual visit from the yellow fever.

—A child named White was stung to death by bees at Newport recently.

—In Paris the favorite day for weddings is not Thursday but Saturday.

—Seventeen million gallons of water per diem is what Brooklyn requires.

—Ten dollars per annum is the salary of a private soldier of the Italian army.

—$40 per month are the wages of a maid-of-all-work in an Oregon household.

—Twelve hundred persons were punished in London last year for cruelty to animals.

—A movement among the Car-lists—The great reduction in freight rates?—*N. Y. Express*

—An unpublished and hitherto unknown oratorio by Mendelssohn has been unearthed at Leipzig.

—In 1796 Cleveland had just three inhabitants, now it claims to have thirty thousand times that number.

—The dis-establishment of the church in Wales, is the most recent step spoken of by the English dissenters.

—Moosehead Lake in Maine will soon be approachable by rail. The road thither is almost all graded now.

—A Newark hackman hung his canvas feed-bag on a lamp-post, and on his return from dinner found it full of letters.

—One of the very worst jokes gotten off recently is on Commodore Vanderbilt, who is called the ancient marryin-er.

—Cincinnati proposes to pay $300 apiece for the traveling expenses of a selection of her business men, to be sent to California.

—The Philadelphia *Ledger* has a correspondent who is anxious to know when the much-talked-of Anglo-Saxon race is to come off.

—A stage blonde in Troy caught her hair afire the other evening. The blazing mass came off immediately and didn't hurt her a bit.

—Admiral Semmes tried to be chosen President of the Alabama University, but Cyrus Northrup received more votes and got the place.

—A peasant in the Black Forest claims to have invented a new kind of watch, which answers all the purposes, and can be made for half a florin.

—A brewer in Cleveland tried to drown himself in a vat of his own beer, but he was rescued. Of course he couldn't afford not to sell the beer of his bath.

—Miss Hamel, the young woman who married a Bourbon among us, has succeeded in constructing a reconciliation with the old Bourbons on the other side.

—The King of Hanover has written a pamphlet proving it to be the duty of France to crush Prussia. The opinion of so disinterested an author is valuable.

—M. Du Chaillu, has taken to the rostrum in favor of woman's suffrage. He illustrates his speeches with anecdotes drawn from his experience among the gorrillas.

—Madame Maltinger, the prima donna, is learning to swim, as she is to sing the the leading part in Wagner's new opera "Reignold," in which she has to do some real swimming.

—A drunken mother in St. Louis threw her baby out of the window, and an old woman passing caught it in her apron. Fortunately nobody broke the fall of the mother when she followed her child.

—A New Orleans woman drowned herself because it is not worth while living. We would gladly receive intelligence concerning the source whence she drew the information that it is worth while dying.

—The latest idea is the use of the telegraph poles as advertising mediums. A neat plan would be to adorn them with metallic signs connected with batteries from which at night they could extract illumination.

—Mrs. Stowe has been ill since her Byron article was published. This illness may result from the severity with which that article was received, in which case we suppose it may be considered a very critical illness.

—Out in Illinois, another of those lizards, with singular taste as regards domestic architecture, has been discovered. He lived, until last week, in a man's stomach, but a cruel fate has expelled him from the home of his choice.

—Munich makes enough beer to float the Prussian navy. But suppose it was used for that purpose, what is to become of the Munichians who would thus be deprived of their natural beverage by a tyrranous North German monopoly?

—England is fast going to rack and ruin; all of her time honored institutions are being threatened or attacked. This year the Ministerial whitebait dinner at Richmond, succumbed to the progressive march of the radical exterminators.

—A gentleman in Litchfield, Conn., having reached his hundredth birthday, his friends determined to give him a reception in the church. Arrangements having been made, as the old gentleman entered the church with his two brothers, each over seventy, the entire audience arose and sang "Old Hundred."

—The ruins of Fort Ticonderoga are reported to be disappearing rapidly. The farmers in the neighborhood have pulled down and carried away some of the oldest portions of the structure, (which presented the finest specimens of the architecture of the time in which they were built,) to build stone fences with.

—There is said to be danger of New Jersey blowing away altogether if they don't have rain pretty soon. The dust is so deep there now, that if the drought continues for a little while there will be reason to hope that the valuable discovery will be made whether New Jersey really has or has not any solid foundation beneath the sand.

—Cassagnac has at last caved. One of the St. Pelagie prisoners has sent him a challenge to fight, "hand on breast and pistol on forehead, ignorant as to which has the loaded weapon." He further adds that "the moment our eyes are fixed on each other, one of us must vanish into nothingness." M: Cassagnac declines to see the vanishing point.

—The Richings opera troupe has reorganized for the season and contains the following artists: Caroline Richings and Miss Blanche Ellerman, *soprani;* Mrs. Annie Kemp Bowler, contralto; Messrs. Haigh, Bernard and Brookhouse Bowler, *tenori;* Drayton and Arnold, baratones, and Henry Peakes, bass. Judging partly by hearsay and partly by experience, we should say that the troupe is only inferior to that of last year inasmuch as Mr. Campbell's place is hardly filled by the new man. Mr. Castles' sweet voice will be missed, but the present troupe is unusually rich in fair to middling tenors.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

A New and True Story of the Late President.

[From Dickens' All The Year Round.]

During the summer of the most disastrous and doubtful year of the late American war, the Colonel of a New Hampshire regiment lay for some weeks extremely ill of camp fever, near Hampton Roads, in Virginia. Hearing of his critical condition, his wife left her northern home, and, after much difficulty, made her way to his bed-side. Her cheerful presence and careful nursing so far restored him that he was in a short time to be transferred to Washington. In the Potomac river the steamer in which the invalid officer, Colonel Scott, and his wife had taken passage, was sunk in a collision with a larger vessel in the night time. The crew and nearly all the soldiers on board were rescued and saved themselves; but amid the horrible scene Colonel Scott became separated from his wife and she was lost. The Colonel was picked up in the water by the crew of the larger steamer, and under his direction every effort was made to discover his wife, or rather her body, for all hope of finding her alive was soon abandoned. The sad search was fruitless; it was resumed in the morning, the people along the shore, humane Confederates, lending their aid. But the gray, sullen river refused to give up its dead, and the young officer, half frantic with grief, was compelled to go on to Washington. Within a week, however, he received word from below that the body of the lady had been washed on shore; that those good country people, generous foes, had secured it, cared for it and were keeping it for him. It happened that just at that time imperative orders were issued from the war department prohibiting all intercourse with the peninsula—a necessary precaution against the premature disclosure of important military plans. So it was with some misgivings that Col. Scott applied to Secretary Stanton for leave to return to Virginia on his melancholy duty.

"Impossible, Colonel," replied Mr. Stanton, firmly; "no one can have leave to go down the river at this time on any private mission whatever. Our present exigencies demand the most stringent regulations, and I hope I need not say to you that no merely personal considerations should be allowed to interfere with great national interests. Your case is a sad one, but this is a critical, perilous, cruel time. 'The dead must bury their dead.'"

The Colonel would have entreated, but the busy Secretary cut him short with another "impossible," from which there was absolutely no appeal. He went forth from the presence, and returned to his hotel, quite overwhelmed. Fortunately, he was that afternoon visited by a friend, to whom he told the story of his unsuccessful application and sad perplexity, who immediately exclaimed, "Why not apply to the President?" The Colonel had but little hope, but, acknowledging that the plan was worth trying, drove with his friend to the White House. They were too late. It was Saturday evening, and Mr. Lincoln had gone to spend Sunday at Soldiers' Rest, his summer retreat. This was but a few miles from town, and the Colonel's indomitable friend proposed that they should follow him out, and they went. There was then a popular belief that all the wronged, the troubled and suffering could find a refuge in "Father Abraham's" capacious bosom; a belief that was not far out of the way. Yet there were times when, overburdened, wearied, tortured, the patriarch longed to clear that asylum of its forlorn inmates, to bolt and bar, and double lock it against the world; times when life became too hard and perplexing for his genial, honest, nature, too serious and tragic and rascally a thing by half. It happened, unluckily, that the poor colonel and his friend found the President in one of his most despondent and disgusted moods. He was in his little private parlor, alone in the gloaming. He was lounging loosely in a large rocking-chair, jutting over in all directions. His slippered feet were exalted, his rough head was thrown back, his long throat bare—he was in his shirt sleeves. Yes, dear, fastidious English reader, it was genuine Yankee *abandon*—make the most of it. He turned upon his visitors a look of almost savage inquiry. There was, indeed, in his usually pleasant eyes a wild, angry gleam—a something like the glare of a worried animal at bay. Col. Scott proceeded very modestly to tell his story; but the president interrupted him, to say brusquely, "Go to Stanton; this is his business."

"I have been to him, Mr. President, and he will do nothing for me."

"You have been to him, and got your answer, and still presume to come to me! Am I to have no rest? no privacy? Must I be dogged to my last fastness, and worried to death by inches? Mr. Stanton has done just right. He knows what he is about. Your demands are unreasonable, sir."

"But, Mr. Lincoln, I thought you would feel for me."

"Feel for you! Good God! I have to feel for five hundred thousand more unfortunate than you. We are at war, sir; don't you know we are at war? Sorrow is the lot of all; bear your share like a man and a soldier."

"I try to, Mr. President, but it seems hard. My devoted wife lost her life for coming to nurse me in my sickness, and I cannot even take her body home to my children."

"Well, she ought not to have come down to the army. She ought to have stayed at home. That is the place for women. But if they will go tearing about the country in such times as these, and running into all sorts of danger, they must take the consequences. Not that I am not sorry for you, colonel. As for your wife, she's at rest, and I wish I were."

Saying this the President leaned back wearily in his chair, and closed his eyes, not noticing, except by a slight wave of his hand, the departure of his visitors. I am not ashamed to confess that my hero tossed restlessly that night upon a pillow wet with manly tears, that he was desperate and resentful, utterly unreconciled to the decrees of Providence and the War Department, and that he thought Abraham Lincoln as hard as he was ugly, and as inhumane as he was ungainly. Toward morning he fell asleep and slept late. Before he was fully dressed there came a quick knock at the door of his chamber, and he opened it to President Lincoln! The good man came forward, pale and eager, tears glistening in his eyes, and grasped the colonel's hand, saying: "I treated you brutally last night. I ask your pardon. I was utterly tired out, badgered to death. I generally become about as savage as a wild cat by Saturday night, drained dry of the 'milk of human kindness.' I must have seemed to you the very gorrilla the rebels paint me. I was sorry enough for it when you were gone. I could not sleep a moment last night, so I thought I'd drive into town in the cool of the morning and make it all right. Fortunately, I had little difficulty in finding you."

"This is very good of you, Mr. President," said the colonel deeply moved.

"No it isn't, but that was very bad of me last night. I never should have forgiven myself if I had let that piece of ugly work stand. That was a noble wife of yours, colonel. You were a happy man to have such a noble woman love you; and you must be a good fellow or such a woman would never have risked so much for you. And what grand women there are in these times, colonel! What angels of devotion and mercy, and how brave and plucky—going everywhere at the call of duty, facing every danger! I tell you, if it were not for the women, we should all go to the devil, and should deserve to. They are the salvation of the nation. Now come, colonel; my carraige is at the door. I'll drive you to the War Department, and we'll see Stanton about the matter."

Even at that early hour they found the Secretary at his post. The President pleaded the case of Col. Scott, and not only requested that leave of absence should be given him, but that a steamer should be sent down the river expressly to bring up the body of his wife. "Humanity, Mr. Stanton," said the good President, his homely face transfigured with the glow of earnest, tender feeling, "humanity should overrule considerations of policy and even military necessity in matters like this."

The Secretary was touched, and he said something of his regret at not having felt himself at liberty to grant Col. Scott's request in the first place.

"No, no, Mr. Stanton," said the President; "you did right in adhering to your rules; you are the right man for this place. If we had such a soft-hearted old fool as I here there would be no rules or regulations that the army or the country could depend upon. But this is a peculiar case. Only think of that poor woman!"

Of course, the "impossible" was accomplished. To the surprise of the Colonel, the President insisted on driving him to the navy-yard, to see that the Secretary's order was carried out immediately, seeming to have a nervous fear that some obstacle might be thrown in the way of the pious expedition. He waited at the landing till all was ready, then charged the officer of the steamer to give every assistance and attention to his "friend, Colonel Scott." With him he shook hands warmly at parting, saying, "God bless you, my dear fellow. I hope you will have no more trouble in this sad affair—and, Colonel, try to forget last night."

Away up in a New Hampshire church yard there is a certain grave carefully watched and tended by faithful love. But every April time the violets on that mound speak not alone of the womanly sweetness and devotion of her who sleeps below—they are tender and tearful with the memory of the murdered President.

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For information or admission apply to
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Rev. T. L. BELLAM, A. M.
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PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, August 31, 1869.

The oil market is devoid of anything really new or important. That sensetiveness and uncertainty of feeling which has prevailed for sometime past, still continues, and the trade is by no means in a healthy or satisfactory condition, and the worst feature is the fact that there are no indications, at present, of any immediate improvement. New and it would appear, are resorting to all kinds of strategy to keep prices down, and this being the case, the improved character of the advices from Europe have had no influence here as yet; in fact, refined is lower than it was last week, notwithstanding Antwerp has advanced two or three frances. Manufacturers are still without a margin, and apparently are as far off from securing one as ever.

CRUDE.

Sales 1,000 each, September to December, at 14⅞; 1,000 seller all year at 14½; also, $500 paid for the privelege of delivering or not, 5,000 bbl, any time this year, at $5 per bbl. which is considered equivalent to 13¼ or 13½ here. Spot or seller September, quoted at 14¾, or $5,75@5,80 on cars at Venango City. Buyer all year is wanted at 15, with sellers at 15¼.

York, it seems, continues very bearish,

REFINED.

Sale 1,000 spot, at 31⅝; 1,500 do, at 31⅝; 1,000 do, at 31¾; 1,000 do, at 31½; 500 do, at 31½; and 500 October, at 32½. It was reported that there had been a sale of spot oil in New York, at 31. Lines for September to December, 32¼ @32½.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	760 bbls.
Pool & Bro	360 "
H M'Kelvy	960 "
Owston & Sowers	960 "
Total	4,040 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Forsyth & Bro., 498 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 157 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Wormser, Myers & Co. 223 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 1,200 cases refined, Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 252 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total Refined, 1,200 cases..... 1,131 bbls

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, August 31.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales of 500 bales; 35c. for middling uplands. Flour: receipts of 12,832 bbls.; more active, and 5@10c. better; sales of 12,700 bbls. at $5@6,60 for superfine State western, $6,40@7,10 for extra State, $6,15@7,15 for extra western, $7,20@7,35 for white wheat extra, $6,50@7,20 for R. H. O., $6@7,25 for extra St. Louis, $7,25@9 for good choice do., closing firm. Rye flour quiet; sales of 300 bbls. at $4,50@6,60. Corn meal in fair request; sales of 250 bbls. Baltimore and Brandywine at $6,10@6,25. Whisky dull; sales of 200 bbls. western at $1,17 @1,18 free, the latter price on time. Wheat: receipts of 39,478 bush 3@6c better and more active, 271,000 bush sold at $1,35@1,40 for No. 3 spring, $1,44@1,52½ for No. 2 do, $1,45@1,50 for winter red Illinois, $1,50@1,60 for winter red and amber western, $1,60 for white Indiana, $1,58@1,62 for amber Tennessee, $1,62 for white Ohio, $1,60@1,70 for white Kentucky, $1,65 for white Genesee, $1,67 for white California. Rye nominally lower. Barley nominal. Receipts; corn 488,443 bush. Corn opened shade firmer, closed dull 1@2c lower; sales of 44,000 bush at $1@1,15 for unsound new mixed western, $1,16@1,18½ sound do. Receipts; oats 20,376 bush, dull and heavy, with sales of 38,600 bus at 62c for old western, and 61@64c for new southern and western. Rice steady. Coffee in moderate request. Sugar is fairly active, with sales of 1,000 hhds at 11¼@12¼c for Cuba, and 11½@13c for Porto Rico; also, 800 bxs Havana at 12½ @12¾c. Molasses dull at 35c; Muscovado do. 55c. Petroleum firm at 16½c for crude, and 31½@31¾c for refined. Hops nominal. Linseed Oil dull at 97@ 99c. Spirits Turpentine quiet at 42c. Pork firmer, with sales of 940 bbls at $32,10@32,50 for mess; closing at $32.10 cash, $31,75 for old do., $27,50 @28 for prime, and $30,50@31 for prime mess. Beef steady; sales 400 bbls. Beef hams quiet; sales 60 bbls at $25@30. Cut meats quiet; sales 135 pkgs at 14¾@15½c for shoulders, 17@19c for hams; middles firm; sales 230 bxs ice cured 16½@17¾c. Lard steady; 400 tierces sold at 17½@ 19¾c for steam and 19¾@20c for kettle rendered. Butter steady at 15@28c for Ohio. Cheese dull. Freights to Liverpool are lower; shipments were made of 7,000 bush wheat at 9d. per sail and 10d. steam, also 1,500 bbls flour, per steam at 2s. 6d.

Latest—Flour closed 5c better for shipping brands, with fair export demand. Wheat firm, with good export demand at $1,47@1,53 for No. 2 spring and $1,57@ 1,60 for winter red and amber western. Rye nominal. Oats dull and heavy at 61@62¼c for western. Corn dull and heavy at $1,14@1,16 for sound mixed western. Pork nominal at $31,87@32,05 for mess. Beef quiet and steady. Cut meats nominal and unchanged. Bacon in moderate demand and prices favor buyers. Lard dull at 19@19¼c for fair to prime steam. Eggs dull at 20@22c.

ST. LOUIS, August 31.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. Cotton, nothing doing. Hemp in fair demand for low grades at $1,18@1,32 for undressed, and $2,30 for dressed. Flour—supers and extras are in demand and scarce, other grades are dull; supers sold at $4,75@5,12; X $5,25 @5,35; XX $5,50@6; choice and fancy family at $7@8,50. Wheat opened dull and at the close gave way slightly on some grades: No. 2 spring sold at $1,05@1,07½; No. 2 red firm at $1,13@1,15; No. 1 do $1,20@ 1,25; No. 2 white $1,15@1,18; choice to fancy $1,32@1,55. Corn firmer with a better demand; mixed in sacks 86½c; choice yellow 91c; good to fancy white 92@95c. Oats firmer but not active at 44@46c in bulk, and 50@55c for mixed to fancy white in sacks. Barley; demand good for best quality and but little offering; No. 2 spring sold at $1,07½@1,10; choice firm at $1,75. Rye firmer at 80@ 86c. Whisky declined to $1,15@1,16, with more sellers than buyers at inside rate. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Provisions quiet at $34 for Pork, 14@14¼c for dry salt shoulders, 18¾c for bacon shoulders, 18¾@18¾c for clear rib sides, and 19@19¼c for clear sides. Lard is quiet and unchanged at 19¼c for choice kettle in tierces. Receipts: 3,800 bbls flour, 39,200 bus wheat, 4,300 bus corn, 14,800 bus oats, 700 bus barley, 600 bus rye, 200 hogs.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 31.—Ftour steady; family $5,75@6. Wheat firmer, closing at $1,20@1,25 for red, and $1,35@1,45 for white, the latter rate for choice Kentucky. Corn dull at $1,05, and more sellers than buyers. Oats steady at 54@ 58c. Rye firm and in demand at $1@ 1,02. Tobacco in good demand; sales of 251 hhds. at $7@25,20 for lug to prime leaf. Whisky unsettled; no sales; accurate quotations cannot be given; holders ask $1,15, but $1,10 was the best rate offered. Provisions dull, with very little demand. Mess pork is held at $33,00@33,25. Bulk meats sold at 13¾@16¼c for shoulders; sides: no sales. Bacon sold at 15c for shoulders to a limited extent, 18¾c for clear ribs, clear sides sold to the extent of 15 hhds. Sugar cured hams 23@24c. Lard 19¼c and no enquiry. Butter scarce and 2c higher; prime to choice 27@32c, fruit house sells at 35c. Eggs firm and in demand at 13@ 14c. Sugar firm at 13½@16c for prime. Coffee steady at 19¾@25¾c. Linseed Oil firmer and sells at 98c@$1, the latter being the jobbing rate. Lard Oil $1,42@ 1,45. Gold 133⅛ buying and 134 selling. Exchange steady.

TOLEDO, August 31.—Wheat, 4 to 5c better; white Michigan irregular at $1,33 for No. 2: white Wabash at $1,26; amber at $1,38; No. 1 red at $1,38; No. 2 red at $1,36; No. 3 red at $1,25@1,26: rejected red at $1,05. Corn 1c better: No. at 94c; No. 2 at 93c; rejected at 81c. Oats a shade lower; No. 1 at 50c; No. 2 at 46c. Rye dull and nominal. Freights—3½c to Buffalo; 9c to Oswego; 10c to Ogdensburg. Receipts—53,000 bbls. flour; 96,000 bush. wheat; 20,200 bush. corn; 6,600 bush oats; 2,000 bush. rye. Shipments—5,100 bbls. flour; 48,000 bush. wheat; 53,500 bush. corn, 5,100 bush. oats.

LOUISVILLE, August 31.—Flour buoyant, with sales of family at $8,50, and superfine at $5,50. Wheat firmer. Corn and oats unchanged. Rye $1,10@1,15. Barley $1,25. Groceries steady; New Orleans sugar, prime 14¼c; New Orleans molasses 75c; prime Rio coffee 24½c. Provisions declining; mess pork $34; bacon, shoulders, 16c; clear rib, 19c; clear sides, 19½c. Hams, sugar cured, 22c; fancy 23½c. Lard 20½c. Whisky dull at $1,18.

CLEVELAND, August 31.—Flour dull and weak but unchanged. Wheat steady and unchanged. Corn quiet and unchanged. Oats more inquiry; No. 1 State 47c. Rye quiet, No. 1 held at $1, No. 2 do at 90c, demand light. Barley receipts better and little doing, prices nominal. Petroleum quiet and unchanged; refined held at 28@28½ September and October in large lots, small lots on spot 30@31; crude $6,50.

MILWAUKEE, August 31.—Flour dull and prices unchanged. Wheat firm, at $1,31 for No. 1 and $1,28 for No. 2. Oats dull and lower, at 47½c for No. 2. Corn quiet, at 86c for No. 2. Rye nominal. Barley quiet and unchanged. Grain freights nominally unchanged. Receipts—500 bbls flour, 9,000 bush wheat, 7,000 bush oats, and 3,000 bush corn. Shipments—10,000 bush wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, August 31.—Flour is very dull: Northwestern extra family at $6,75@7,50; Ohio $7@7,75. Wheat a little more active but unchanged. Rye dull and declined to $1,12. Corn in limited demand at $1,16@1,18 for yellow. Oats steady at 50@57c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Petroleum firm; crude at 22@22½c. Whisky unchanged.

MEMPHIS, August 31.—Cotton: middlings 32½. Receipts 47 bales. Exports 6 bales. Year's receipts 247,676 bales. Exports 247,632 bales. Stock on hand 94 bales. Flour quiet. Wheat $1,10@1,35. Hay $20@23. Bran $19. Oats 61@62½. Corn 85@87. Corn Meal $4.65. Bacon quiet; shoulders 16½; sides 19¾c.

BALTIMORE, August 31.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat firmer, with prime to choice red at $1,45@1,55. Corn firm, with prime white at $1,15@1,16. Mess Pork quiet at $34,50. Bacon firm. Hams 24@26c. Lard quiet. Whisky dull at $1,18. Oats firm at 60c for prime. Rye dull at $1,10@1,16.

CHICAGO, August 31.—Cattle dull, $3@ 4,37½ for Texas steers and common cows: $5@5,75 for good to choice cows; $5,50@ 5,75 for fair to medium steers; $6,40@ 7,25 for good to choice do. Hogs dull and nomiually 10@20c lower: $9@9,25 for common to fair; $9,40@9,60 for good to choice lots.

ST. LOUIS, August 31.—Cattle; common in liberal supply and prime and choice scarce, and prices range 2@5½c for common to prime. Hogs inactive at $8@10.

DETROIT, August 31.—Wheat higher; extra white $1,58@1,59, No. 1 at $1,39, regular at $1,26, amber at $1,31@1,33. Corn duller at 95c for No. 1. Oats 56c.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, August 31.—The market was fairly active, and prices generally steady.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, August 31.—100 bbls oil, J Spear; 40 sks oats, 15 bbls apples, 18 bxs plums, 10 do peaches, Day & Co; 6 bbls oil, 1 do grease, Dilworth P & Co; 21 sks rags, 1 bdls rags, McCullough S & Co; 2 bbls; oil, Geo Stoever; 1 car shingles, G T Robinson; 2 do iron ore, Brady's Bend Iron Co: 6 do do, 2 do brick, Shoenberger B & Co; 100 empty bbls Hutchinson R & Co; 140 bbls sand, Dithridge & Son; 27 bxs and bdls billiard tables, J F Bennet; 335 cakes copper, 60 do plates, C G Hussey & Co; 503 billets iron, Jno Moorehead 1 car wash ore, Bryan & Caughey; 6 do 1 s ore, McKnight P & Co; 256 billets iron Singer N & Co; 100 bbls lime, Adams & Co; 20 bxs tobacco, Chas Bauer; 60 bbls cement, Robt Christy; 3 bbls eggs, Head & M; 50 do oil Johnston & Paine; 3 do eggs, Morrison & Devol; 8 do apples W C Armstrong; 10 do do, H Riddle; 20 do do, Bruggerman & O'Brine; 21 do do, J Allen; 12 do do, F G Craighead; 6 do eggs Saml Devol; 1 car shoulders, Dalzell & Townsend; 200 pigs lead, Park & Co; 35 sks rye, McBaen & Anjer; 18 bxs plums, 9 do peaches, 11 bbls apples, 1 do eggs, Voigt Mahood & Co; 3 do do, J A Graff; 3 do do, 1 bxs do, C Hartman; 100 bbls flour J Gardiner.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, August 31.—1 car meat, W B Hays & Son; 1 do rye, Robb & Herron; 50 hides, J Y McLaughlin; 50 do, G N Hoffstott; 100 do, J Hammett & Son; 50 bdls do, Boyd, M & Co; 20 bgs flaxseed, W W Knox; 100 hides, Wm Smith; 17 tcs lard, E H Myers & Co: 800 sks flour, owners; 30 bdls paper, Hostetter & Smith; 1 hhd tobacco, F Maul; 1 car wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 1 car staves, M P Adams Bro: 29 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 10 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 50 whisky bbls, Jos S Finch & Co; 30 bdls spokes, Hare & Bro: 2 bbls eggs, 69 bxs cheese, Woodworth & Davison; 3 bbls onions, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 14 bxs tobacco, Little & Baird; 1 car ice, John White Jr; 4 bbls tallow, Reed & Johnston; 20 bxs cheese, S Ewart & Co; 15 do do, W D Cooper & Co; 20 do do, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 24 bgs grain, Dan Wallace, 2 bbls eggs, Means & Coffin; 50 sewing machines, Wm Sumner & Co; 100 bbls flour, R Knox & Son; 1 car millfeed, Keil & Ritchart; 300 bbls flour, owner.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, August 31.—4 cars metal Lewis, Oliver & Phillips; 2 do do, John Moorehead; 4 kgs butter, L J Blanchard; 7 do do, F Tempieton; 2 do do, H F Bruggerman; 40 sks corn, 12 do oats, J & A Dietz; 8 bbls onions, Knox & Orr; 6 sks wool, Wm Barker Jr; 45 sks oats, Chas Westhoff; 60 bbls salt, W D West; 57 sks oats, Scott & Gisal; 15 do wheat, 9 do oats, Keil & Ritchart; 17 bgs oats, S Hood; 1,760 bbls crude oil, Fisher Bro: 360 do do, Pool Bro; 960 do do, H McKelvy; 960 do do, Owston & Sowers.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST LOUIS RAILROAD, August 31.—61 bgs wheat, Meanor & Harper; 40 do oats, McHenry & Hood; 14 empty bbls, Spencer & McKay; 4 sks flour, J Patterson; 1 lot old iron, Hall & Spear; 1 car millfeed, Shoemaker & L; 100 bbls flour, Watt & Lang; 100 do do, Dan Wallace; 1 car rye, McHenry & Hood; 50 bgs barley, Meanor & Harper; 2 bbls apples, Robb & Herron.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 31.—1 car flaxseed, M B Suydam, 1 do lime, J Abdell; 3 do metal, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell: 2 do do, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 4 do limestone, Superior Iron Co; 1 do metal, Lindsay & McCutcheon; 104 bgs oats, 103 do rye, R Knox & Son; 50 do do, Jos Craig; 2 cars lumber, John Nanz; 3 do wheat, Kennedy Bro; 60 bbls cement, J Updegraft.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues about stationary at this point, with twenty-six inches in the channel by the metal mark. Weather clear and cool—mercury, 72 in shade.

A stable belonging to Capt. A. B. Bunting, a well-known steamboat pilot, was destroyed by fire, at Wellsville, the other day, and his house made a very narrow escape. His numerous friends will be glad to learn that he was insured.

The Bell, in command of Capt. H. H. Sholes, will leave for Parkersburg on Saturday, provided the river does not recede too much.

—Captian Wm Hardwick has purchased, at Little Rock, the Hamilton, for $6,000. She was built at Cincinnati, two years ago, and will carry 600 hundred bales cotton.

—The Knoxville *Press and Times* has been informed by old boatmen that the Holston and Tennessee rivers are four inches lower than ever before known, with a prospect of falling still lower.

—The Mollie Gratz has been sold, by Captains Cox and Whiteman, to Mr. J. C. Matthews, of Jacksonport, for $5,200. It is the design of the owners of the Gratz to put her permanently in the Black river trade, to run in connection with the mail steamers Caldwell and Natoma.

—We clip the fillowing from the Cincinnati *Gazette*, of Monday: The Barranquilla towed to Madison a craneboat, to be used by Captain Dan. Moore in getting the machinery of the J. N. McCullough. This machinery will be used in Capt. Moore's new Cincinnati and Pittsburgh packet, which will be ready to launch at Pittsburgh in a week. The machinery is now above water, and can be easily secured.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Monday says: The United States snag-boat Greenback, Capt. John Shane, has been busily engaged in clearing the channel. The pig iron that sunk at Pike Island, eighty-three miles below Pittsburgh, has been entirely removed. The channel at that point is now clear. The wreck of the Ingomar, sunk in the channel at the Sisters on the 1st of January, has been removed; if the river keeps down other obstructions will be removed.

—The St. Louis *Democrat*, commenting on the table of distances on Missouri river, recently published, says: If the survey should be carried on to the head waters, we might be able to show that the tortuous channel to Fort Benton measured something less than two thousand five hundred miles, instead of the immaginary three thousand one hundred and twelve, which many believed they were traveling when on a steamer bound from St. Louis to the chosen landing of the Rocky Mountain steamers.

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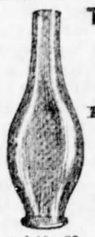

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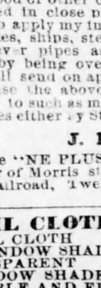

Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras, to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851:

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RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after 11 P. M., Sunday AUGUST 29th, 1869, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	1:20 am	*Day Express	12:30 am
Fast Line	1:45 am	*Pacific Ex.	7:45 am
Wall's No. 1	6:20 am	Wall's No. 1	6:30 am
Brinton Acc'n	7:50 am	Mail Train	8:10 am
Wall's No. 2	9:05 am	Bra'ks Ac No 1	5 10 pm
Cincinnati Ex.	8:25 am	Cincin'ti Ex.	12:30 pm
Johnstown Ac	10:20 am	Wall's No. 2	11 35 am
Bra'ks Ac No 1	7:00 pm	Johnstown Ac	4:05 pm
Pittsb'h Ex.	12:40 pm	Bra'ks Ac No 2	8:20 pm
Philla. Express	1:00 pm	Philla. Express	3:50 pm
Wall's No. 3	1:50 pm	Wall's No. 3	3:45 pm
Bra'ks Ac No 2	9:55 pm	Wall's No. 4	6:05 pm
Wall's No. 4	5:50 pm	*Fast Line	7:30 pm
Way Passn'r	10:20 pm	Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm

*These trains make close connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore.

The Church Train leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:10 p. m.

*Cincinnati Express and Pacific Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information apply to W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, au30 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after July 25th, 1869, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springd'e No 1	6:40 a m	Mail	6:20 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:20 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:40 a m
Express	10:40 a m	Sharpsb'g No 1	11:20 a m
Sharpsb'g No. 1	1:20 p m	Express	2:20 p m
Freeport No. 2	4:05 p m	Springd'e No 2	3:10 pm
Mail	5:50 p m	Freeport No. 2	5:20 pm
Springd'e No 2	6:20 p m	Springd'e No 2	6:39 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 1:30 p. m. and arrive at Allegheny Junction at 3:40 p. m.

COMMUTATION TICKETS—For sale in packages of Twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on tickets.

The trains leaving Allegheny City at 7:00 a. m. make direct connection at Freeport with Walker's line of Stages for Butler and Hannah's town, Through tickets may be purchased at the Office, No. 1 St. Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.

For further information apply to JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent Federal Street Depot.

The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, au30 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

1869.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 1, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE—THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY—MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF HUGH S. FLEMING.
TREASURER—JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS—JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER—THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER—HAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER—JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK ORPHANS' COURT—ALEX. HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR—ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second Page: Poetry, Ephemeris, President Lincoln. Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Markets by Telegraph, Imports by Railroad and River News. Seventh page: The Art of Sleeping, Whittier on Woman Suffrage, Cost of a California Trip, Peaches, The International Boat Race.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 55½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 88½.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 133½@133⅝.

THE TRUNK-LINES of railway have begun to "cut" fares from New York westward.

THE new XVth Article presents the leading element in the Legislative canvass in California. The election, this day week, may astonish our Democratic friends.

IT IS stated that the new bridge at Bellaire is 93 feet 8 inches above the level of the river; its longest span measures 350 feet between centres of piers, and there is no span of less than 200 feet.

SENATOR MORTON will arrive here at noon on Thursday. His speech at the City Hall, on that evening, will draw out one of the largest crowds ever collected in that edifice. The arrangements are complete for a good time.

ALL is not yet peace in the anthracite region of the Commonwealth. The abandonment of the "basis" has not been acquiesced in by all the miners of Luzerne. The operatives at Pittston and Wilkesbarre still stand out, and avow their determination to use violence, if necessary, to stop the miners at Hyde Park. There is intense excitement at Scranton, and some talk of applying for military protection.

THE PARK PROJECT has been defeated by an overwhelming majority. A small vote was brought out yesterday in the election, and but little interest was manifested. The negative majorities are so heavy as to fully indicate that the people are perfectly willing to forego, for the present at least, the luxury of a public breathing spot, and they are so decisive as to deter any from again attempting in the near future to feel the popular pulse in that direction. The affirmative vote might have been much larger had the people been more intelligently informed as to the plans and prospects of the Commission; but the heavy debt of the city and the constant drainage made on the treasury for improvements, rendered actually necessary by the enlargement of boundaries, are pregnant reasons to be assigned for the overwhelming majority by which the measure has been defeated.

A DISPATCH from Nashville to the Louisville *Journal* states "with certainty" that GOV. SENTER will not assemble the old Legislature of Tennessee, as "he thinks it very probable that the new one will ratify the XVth Article." It is also suggested that he is apprehensive that other things not in the programme might be attempted if a Republican Legislature should be again convened. If the Governor really believes that the assemblage of the rebels just elected, in October, will ratify the Article, he has a surprising amount of credulity in his composition. His fears of other action by the Republican body are quite unnecessary, since ample assurances have already been given to him on that point. We judge that he has been, and is personally, inclined to the proposition, but his timidity may be alarmed by the misrepresentations and appeals of the Conservatives.

The Philadelphia *North American* thinks it "far from clear that the next—the regular—session would not copy the example of an Eastern State and repeal the ratification." Our cotemporary forgets that New Jersey and Oregon have been advised, from Secretary SEWARD, that there is no warrant in the Constitution or in the precedents, for the withdrawal of an assent of this sort, when it has once been recorded in the archives of the nation.

FOR SOME TIME, now, our city has been decorated, here and there, with startling sentences printed in chalk in prominent places. Some of these sentences are selected from the Bible, but most of them are by no means of inspired origin. Pittsburgh is not the first city which has awakened of a morning to be startled by this singular irruption, but under whose auspices the work is done we are unable to state. That the mind of the disseminator is eccentric, and that this eccentricity is in the worst possible taste, we think most persons will agree. It is barely possible that some unwary soul may be reminded, by these peculiar means, of the necessity of preparing for a future state of existence, but, for one person who is benefitted thereby, scores will see only the ridiculous side of the affair, and indeed that side is by far the most prominent. The person who has so officiously displayed his handiwork seems to have had no judgment as to the proper places to display certain sentences. For instance, on the top of a board pile, on Duquesne Way, he has placed the sentence, "Come to Jesus," and we venture to assert that nine out of every ten persons who saw it there had all the possible good effects of the suggestion smothered by the ridiculously palpable idea that a compliance with the invitation necessitated the scaling of the lofty pile of boards. Again, he selected the side-walk of the Allegheny suspension bridge to point the question "Where will I spend Eternity?" Nothing could be more natural than that the boys should at once alter a sentence so easily within their reach, and the result was that the question was changed, by the erasion of three letters, to the assertion, "here ill spend eternity," and many more saw this absurd version than were at all influenced by the first. Instances of this sort could be greatly multiplied, but we do not think it necessary, for we have no desire to add to the ridicule which has been already the chief result of this new city decoration. That any one desiring to adorn the city in this way can lawfully do so, there is probably no doubt, but we think that all good citizens will unite in endeavoring to prevent such desecration of good words and such a disfiguration of our, not too beautiful, city, if they at any time find it in their power to do so.

A STAIN UPON OUR FLAG.

We spoke, yesterday of the abuses which are believed to be practised upon the seamen, by the officers of our public ships. This is a subject which begins to attract general attention from the press. There is no use in disputing the fact that a good deal of cruelty is systematically exhibited in the treatment of enlisted seamen, and that this is true, to a greater degree, of the officers of our navy than of any other service in Christendom. We do not care to speculate upon the causes which lead to this pre-eminent disgrace upon the flag of a republican and free people. The fact itself is not to be disputed. On foreign service, in foreign waters, lying in foreign ports, side by side with the warships of England, France, Spain and even Russia, it is notorious all over the world that an American man-of-war is, nine cases out of ten, deserving of the name it bears—as a "hell afloat." The arbitrary and cruel tyranny of the lords of the quarter-deck, republicans and theoretical believers, every man of them, in human equality, have blackened for fifty years the honor of our armed marine with the most infamous name, in that regard, among all Christian nations. Here, as we write, comes a paragraph under our eyes, from Washington, which speaks of the great difficulty in procuring seamen for these vessels. It is part of Jack's gospel in every port on the globe, when looking for a berth, to shun a Yankee frigate expressly because she is almost invariably a floating hell. Of the crews of our vessels, nineteen-twentieths are always of a foreign nationality. American sailors shun our men-of-war as they would a pestilence or Davy Jones himself. And solely because of this notorious cruelty of the officers who carry our Federal commissions.

It is well that Secretary Robeson has taken order for a rigid enquiry with this alleged abuse of the service.

THE CITY WATER SUPPLY.

We have often, heretofore, expressed our concurrence in the preferences exhibited by our best engineers, and especially advocated by Mr. ROBERTS, for relying upon the Allegheny River for the future water-supply of this rapidly increasing city. It is evident, therefore, that we shall heartily concur in the decisive action of Councils, on Monday last, in selecting the site of the new works which are to distribute this indispensable element among the vast population of our Pittsburgh of the future. The unanimous concurrence, of all the members of the Water Committee, in the Report which we print elsewhere, and of a majority of the Councils, in this recommendation of a specific site for the new and capacious works which are to supply the wants of a vastly increased population in the coming years, is probably to be taken as a decisive indication of the settled policy of our City government.

In quantity and quality, as well as in the reliable permanence of supply, we have long since expressed the public preference for the water of the Allegheny, to be taken up at the highest practicable point on the stream. The facts and suggestions which have been submitted to the public heretofore, seem to have settled that question conclusively. The Committee have recognized the logic of the situation, and report conclusions from which they saw no escape. Their recommendations are not yet definitely acted on, but it is clear enough that Councils are prepared for a corresponding decision.

The new water-works thus contemplated will supply Pittsburgh for two generations and no more. The quantity is not likely to fail, materially, in any year of the coming time, but the quality of the water, which fifty years hence, will be pumped from the Allegheny river,—at so short a distance beyond the present verge of the city's population as will then, quite certainly, with our material growth be within the contaminating influences of a dense suburban life—will then be so deteriorated as to require a far longer step up the valley. Let fifty years hence take care of itself, provided we can be quite sure of the intermediate supply. And of that there appears to be but little doubt.

OUR DIPLOMACY AT MADRID.

The Cuban question comes up in a new aspect. We have now a denial that any proposition, official or unofficial, has been made from this country for the guarantee of Cuban bonds. It is however admitted that we have offered, in case of an agreement by Spain to part with her sovereignty for any specified sum, to present the United States as a trustee, to receive and hold the revenues of the island by way of security for the payment. This proposal was declined at Madrid. Our Minister, Gen. Sickles, is now, it is reported, about to make another overture for the adjustment of this question, as follows:

First—Spain is to grant to the Cubans all the rights belonging to the Spanish citizens, with full representation in the Spanish Cortes.

Second—An amnesty as general as possible is to be granted to those who have participated in the insurrection.

Third—Spain must take the necessary steps for the suppression of slavery on the Island, and afford protection to those released from bondage.

With the acceptance of these propositions the United States on her part will give assurances to Spain that she will try to have peace prevail on the Island.

This would be mediation of the right stamp, compromising neither the dignity of Spain, nor the neutrality of our own government, and involving not a dollar of liability upon our Treasury. Moreover, the assent of all parties to the programme would go farther to secure the loyalty of the island, as a permanent dependency of Spain, than the most thorough and bloody repression of the present revolt by her arms. The propositions faithfully represent American ideas, are believed to be acceptable to the discontented Cubans, and cover the only practical basis upon which the Spanish sovereignty could be maintained.

In the pledge of our sincere and active efforts to secure the ultimate pacification of the revolted people, lies the only danger for the American Government. The assurance must mean something or nothing. The insurrection evidently leans upon the American sympathies, in which its material wants have been supplied, and without which it would have been terminated six months ago. Can our Government take, legally, more effective measures than it has already, for cutting off these supplies? If it can, its present neutrality may be impeached for permitting so many extensive shipments of men and material; if it cannot, the pledge of further efforts in the interest of peace may be an illusory one. In fact, we have probably done all we can ever do, for the maintenance of our neutral faith, and for the repression of these hostile irruptions into the territory of a friendly power, and we can do no more, except in the way of "moral suasion" with both parties—which wo'nt count much, unless they are equally inclined to peace.

Nevertheless the three points of the new proposal are creditable to our government, are deserving of fair consideration at Madrid, and are not unlikely to cover the actual basis of the final settlement of the Cuban question.

Washington Items.

At the Cabinet meeting on Thursday the conduct of Minister J. Ross Browne and the Chinese treaty will be brought up. The President is known to be very much disgusted with the conduct of our Minister.

It is anticipated that the Pressident, on Tuesday next, will make an appointment to the mission at China, in place of Mr. Howard, who declines. The persons whose names are prominently mentioned for the place are Gen. C. M. Dodge, ex-Congressman, and at present connected with the Union Pacific Railway, and ex-Congressman John D, Baldwin, editor of the Worcester *Spy*.

Congress will be asked, at the next session, to make the Pekin Legation a Ministry of the first class. The Administration is understood to believe it to be our most important embassy.

In conversation, the other day, Mr. Delano remarked that his most earnest wish at present was to send an Inspector or two to the Penitentiary.

The greatest activity prevails at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, and District Attorney Pierrepont says that the Government will soon make a move in the direction of Cuba that will astonish the nation.

Public Sentiment in Canada.

The other day the Annexation meeting at Quebec—the first demonstration of public feeling in that direction—was held, and now one of the most intensely British papers in the Dominion, *The Toronto Telegraph*, comes out:

"The more one reflects," says *The Telegraph*, "on the suggestive observations of *The London Standard* in regard to the present and prospective relations of the British American Provinces to the mother country, the more reason there seems to be for coming to the conclusion that they are really getting tired of us on the other side of the water. They say to us in a language which we can hardly misinterpret: 'If you can only set up for yourselves, we shall be happy to give all the assistance in our power.' That is the admonition we received from Sir John Young in his Quebec speech. It is not a pleasing admonition, because we have been as faithful to England and to English interests as England has been to us and to our interests. We--speaking for the people of Canada—also remember how the sentiment and soul of our people was stirred up during the Indian mutiny. Our kindred at the heart of the Empire could scarcely have felt as we did here. Ten regiments could have been raised in a month in the Province of Upper Canada alone, to avenge the massacre at Lucknow. We were more British in that fearful crisis, than the British themselves. Throughout the miserable Trent difficulty, out of which grew the 'Alabama Claims,' we adhered to the old flag with a steadfastness; which, considering our exposed condition, has, probably, no parallel in history. In view of all this, it is not pleasant, certainly, to be told that we are an incumbrance. It only shows that communities, like individuals, get old and get lazy; and that England is beginning to feel that New Zealand, Australia, and Canada, having had a liberal nurture for many years, must now look for themselves, and that she be relieved from responsibility. Be it so! If Great Britain desires to resign her dependencies, she must be content to resign her Empire. You cannot eat your cake and have it. Universal power and universal empire mean *sacrifice*—heavy taxation, heavy burdens on the minds of statesmen, strong endurance—a pluck which shall not succumb to anything or anybody. You are either to continue to be a power, and a tremendous power on the earth, or you are to revert to the condition of Venice or of Holland, and ask younger nations, like that founded by Peter the Great, or Frederick, or Washington, to come to the front, and take your place. So soon as the Stars and Stripes are hoisted over the citadel at Halifax, so soon departs, and departs forever, the glory of England. It is extremely painful for us to be compelled to write in this strain, because we believe that a close and intimate connection with the mother country is our salvation from misgovernment. But it is perfectly clear to any one of common intelligence, that within five or ten years after we are cut loose from the parent State we shall be absorbed in the neighboring Republic.

The Maryland Democrats.

Democratic journals have been, for some time past, wasting much time and space in efforts to prove that the Republican party is so disorganized that it cannot hold together much longer, that in fact, the work of disintegration has already commenced. The Democrats themselves do not appear to be much better off, to say nothing about Ohio, and the effect of the Rosecrans letter. The dissensions in the Democratic party of Maryland, although they have not yet come to an open rupture, are so great as to alarm the old party leaders, and to threaten the loss of the State in the ensuing elections. Within the Democratic organization and constituting almost one-half its strength, is a party known as 'progressive Democrats,' who come very near the recent profession of faith by Rosecrans, and who are beginning to make themselves felt in the inside workings of the party. It is well understood in Maryland that one of the most prominent and trusted Democrats in the State is but waiting a favorable opportunity to come out in favor of the Fifteenth Constitutional Amendment, and that he has a by no means insignificant portion of the Democracy with him. Movements are now making which will be found to be of considerable importance by-and-by, and which, in their results, will be as far from what the Blairs expected politically last July twelvemonth, as it is possible to imagine.

Providing for Ex-Presidents.

A New Orleans journal deplores the obscurity into which our Presidents fall as soon as they are out of office, and argues that it should not be thusly. "By all means," it declares, "the man who has once won the supreme honors of a nation ought to be allowed some shreds of the mantle to carry with him into private life, and we, for one journal, would rejoice to see an amendment to the Constitution adopted by which our ex.Presidents would be entitled, during after life, to seats in the United States Senate, as Senators at large." Amendment or no amendment, A. J. has clearly no intention of going into obscurity. On the contrary, he proposes to continue, as in the past, one of the central figures for some time to come.

SIX YEARS AGO a young post office clerk in Cleveland, Ohio, was arrested for breaking the mail. His father refused to interfere in his behalf, and at the preliminary examination the array of evidence was so strong against him that his counsel advised him to clear for Canada. The young man did so, sending his wages home to his wife, a lovely and highly repected woman, to whom he had been married but a year. He afterward went to Leavenworth, Kansas, where, under an assumed name, by industry and integrity, he arose to be Mayor of the place. He sent for his wife and lived happy, except for the fear of having the old case trumped up again. The other day he returned to Cleveland and gave himself up, but was assured by his old prosecutors that they would not further pursue the case.

THE question, is a Jewish priest a minister of the Gospel? came up in Hustings Court, Richmond, Va. The civil code of Virginia requires that before a minister of the Gospel can solemnize marriages, he must produce to the Court proof of his ordination as such minister. The pastor of the Jewish Congregation came into Court, declaring that he was not a minister of the Gospel, and could not comply with the law, which his counsel denounced as proscriptive, illiberal and intolerant. The Court held that there was no difficulty in the Rabbi's case, as the statute was general, and intended to include every faith and form of religion.

The Prince of Wales.

"His Royal Highness Prince Champagne Charlie has an enormous fortune for an income; but Parliament is to be asked to pay some of his traveling expenses. He also married a lovely Danish princess a few years ago, and all the poets sang in her honor like all the wedding chimes pealing together; but it is now whispered that 'a lady of title, who recently disgraced her family, owes her ruin to her future king.' That he is fond of cider cellars, and the songs that are sung there, and the people that congregate there, is also subject of common rumor. That he is mentally a dull young man, of whom no generous word or action has ever been made public, is not denied. He seems to show all the qualities that are most to be deplored in the worst of his ancestors; and a more humiliating family for a royal family than the German kings of England it would be hard to find. There are many private gentlemen who already avoid the Prince as much as they can. It is unpleasant to have to deal with a man who insists upon playing at cards for money, carefully takes all he wins, and never pays a shilling he loses. This is no meaner than his great uncle Adonis, Prince Regent; but now all the glamor is gone. The wig is no longer a halo, but a wig. When you believe in a Pope it is very well to hear of the Holy Father that he commits crimes as a man, and not as the Pope. But when you believe in a Pope no longer, a cruel and treacherous pontiff is merely a bad man. Prince Champagne Charlie's great grandfather, the dull old George, was as little royal perhaps as Charlie; but people believed in royalty then, and they do not believe in it now.

"While the poverty and suffering of England increase so rapidly that they leave the strongest and most painful impression of all upon the minds of strangers; while the problem of crime becomes more pressing every day, and there is a general feeling that the country is moving before the breath of an undeclared revolution; while the House of Lords has but to take an attitude of opposition to the popular will to hear the universal growl of displeasure, and the frank declaration that it exists only by popular sufferance, it is not to be supposed that the follies of a Prince Champagne Charlie will be tolerated bepond a certain point. If the House of Lords, how much more does the throne, survive only by popular permission? And in England the question has very nearly become one of economy merely. Is a permanent executive preferable? Is the pageant of royalty desirable, or even longer practicable, for such an executive?

"Champagne Charlie had better be satisfied with a salary of seven or eight hundred thousand dollars a year for doing nothing in the most offensive manner. There were Englishmen living in America who asked, 'why should we be taxed without representation?' There are Englishmen living in England who ask, 'what do we gain by paying such enormous sums to such a Champagne Prince Charlie?'"

Superstition in Spain.

The London *Daily News* says: Some few enlightened individuals are innocent enough to believe that the days are passed when ordinary human beings should be mistaken for sorcerers and worried to death for witchcraft. It is a great mistake. We know that in many parts of England the belief in witchcraft flourishes among the ignorant people, and we now hear of an Englishman in Spain being nearly butchered for his supposed complicity with the Prince of Darkness. The event took place in a thriving commercial town, numbering 20,000 inhabitants—Lorca. The people in this neighborhood firmly believe in the existence of certain wizards—mysterious beings with pale faces and long white beards, who, hid during the day, hunt at night for children whom they devour. The fat of the children they are said to keep sacredly for two purposes—first, as a sovereign cure for small-pox; and secondly, to grease the wires of the electric telegraph, which is in itself a satanic invention, and would not work at all were it not for the lubricating oil obtained from the bodies of innocent little children.

"It is natural that the populace, entertaining these views, should give vent to their feelings on the first fair opportunity. This opportunity presented itself in the appearance of a stranger, utterly unknown, walking one evening towards the fields, with slow and solemn strides, his white beard floating in the wind, his face pale in the moonlight. His presence was soon rumored abroad. Armed with stout sticks, the fanatics took him unawares, craftily surrounded him, belabored him with their cudgels, and would have soon beaten the life out of him, when it was suggested that it would be prudent to drag his inanimate body to the town, and obtain official authorization before proceeding to administer the last and fatal blows. With shouts of triumphant joy the half murdered Englishman was carried to the seat of justice.

"The local authorities, though they knew him personally, had great difficulty in saving him from the infuriated mob. But save him they did. Perhaps we have no right to hold up our hands in pious horror of these poor wretches, who are not more ignorant than some of our own people; but at least we cannot let the event pass without this formal record."

SAN FRANCISCO, it is believed, will, in a few years, become one of the most important fur markets in the world. The natives of Alaska are at present exchanging seal skins and other furs for whisky, guns, ammunition, articles of food, and trinkets sent from California, and the State of Oregon and the Territory of Washington are sending skins to San Francisco. In 1868 the fur dealers in San Francisco sent more than two million dollars' worth of skins to New York. An extensive business is also carried on in manufacturing skins for wear and use. The furs are mink, marten (sometimes called sable), squirrel, beaver, fox, otter, bear and wolf. One hundred and thirty men and one hundred and twenty-five women, mostly Germans, now find employment in two or three fur-sewing establishments in San Francisco. Carriage robes, made up of patch-work, are nearly as cheap as blankets, and the miners buy them for that purpose. They can be bought for $15 or $20 each, while on the Atlantic side they are worth at wholesale at least $80. Sable collars sold in New York for $50 to $60 each, bring only $25 or $30 in San Francisco; and muffs, cloaks and other fur goods are sold at proportionately low prices.

IT is stated on good authority that Gen. Phil. Sheridan has proposed to, and has been accepted by, a fair lady of Washington.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Boston *Post* writes as follows: The Empress of Austria is enjoying the invigorating air of the Tyrolese Alps. Her health seems to be re-established. A Russian lady belonging to the household of the Czarina has just related to me some interesting anecdotes of the Empress Elizabeth, whom she used to see and converse with daily, last year, at the baths of Kissengen. The Empress is averse to a Franco-Austrian alliance from a fear that the Emperor Napoleon may prevail on Francis Joseph to depart from the liberal policy of Von Beust. She is naturally joyous. But the misfortunes of her husband's relations, the political perturbations through which Austria has passed, and an intense sympathy with human suffering have infused into her a passive strain. She has a keen sense of the beautiful, and paints and sings like a poet and an artist. The personal appearance of the Empress corresponds with her delicate, loving, high-strung nature. Her tall form is beautifully molded, her eyes are large and expressive, and speak often things which correctly, etiquette forbids her her tongue to utter. Her complexion is exquisitely transparent. I am assured by her Russian admirer that her rich brown hair sweeps the ground when she lets it fall over her shoulders to dry in issuing from the bath. Last year, at Kissengen, a Jew mistaking her for somebody else; as she was walking in the environs of the town, after bathing, offered her a large salary if she would go with him to Paris and London, and let him tell his customers that she was in the habit of using some capillary wash he sells. Bavarian girls, whatever may be the reason, have the finest hair in Europe. There is in the town where the fair Austrian empress passed her childhood the monument of a girl who died of having too much of it. It is stated in her epitaph that the nourishment of her body was absorbed by the capillary vessels, and that her hair in the short space of ten months grew, on its being shaved, to the extraordinary length of three yards."

THE *Independent du Centre*, of Clermont Ferrand (Puy-de-Dome), contains an account of a singular occurrence. The diligence from that town to Bort was three days back ascending a steep hill-side beyond Tarves, when it was suddenly enveloped in two clouds, heavily charged with electricity, coming in opposite directions, and which met at that point. Suddenly a flash was seen, accompanied by a loud detonation, and the postillion and the five horses by which the vehicle was being drawn were all struck dead. None of the passengers were hurt.

PEACH SHORTCAKE is made after the same fashion as its predecessor, strawberry shortcake, with the exception that the peaches are pared, sliced and well sugared before inserting a layer between and another on top of two not very thick pieces of nicely baked hot pie crust.

CRACKED WHEAT boiled and cooled in a large mould or in cups, is a simple dessert, and a prominent dish for tea with some, to be eaten with milk or cream and sugar. If it is difficult to obtain the cracked wheat, it is even better cracked in a coffee mill as it is wanted.

DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE

Cures Diarrhea.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Dysentery.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Bloody Flux.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Chronic Diarrhea.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Bilious Colic.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Cholera Infantum.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures the worst case of Bowel Disease.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Cholera Morbus.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will cure in one or two doses.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Ought to be in every family.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a sure cure for Griping.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE.
Will not fail in one case.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Ulceration.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Summer Complaint.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will cure Watery Dsicharges.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Never fails.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a valuable medicine.
Dr. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a protection against Cholera.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will save hundreds of valuable lives
If early resort is had to it.

DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CUEE is one of the most valuable remedies ever discovered for all diseases incident to this season of the year. Hundreds of sufferers could be relieved in less than a day by a speedy resort to this most valuable medicine, particularly valuable, when the system is apt to become disordered by the two ree use of unripe and crude vegetables.

Price 50 Cents. Sold at DR. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 167 Liberty St., and by all druggists.

PAINLESS DIGESTION.

"No man," says Sir Astley Cooper, "ought to know by his sensations that he has a stomach." In other words, when digestion is perfect there is neither pain nor uneasiness in the region where it takes place. Nausea, want of appetite, flatulency, oppression after eating, shooting pains in the epigastrum, a flushing in the face at meal times, and a furred tongue in the morning, are among the direct symptoms of indigestion. Constipation, biliousness, headache, nervous irritability, physical weakness and low spirits, are its almost invariable accompaniments All these indications of DYSPEPSIA, whether immediate or secondary, are usually aggravated by hot weather.

The close of summer is therefore the season when the victim of dyspepsia most urgently needs a tonic and regulating medicine. Of course, every invalid has many advisers. One friend recommends one drug, another another; but in a multitude of counsellors there is not always safety. The STANDARD REMEDY OF THE PRESENT AGE FOR INDIGESTION, in all its stages, is HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Time, that proves all things, has established its reputation on an impregnable foundation,—the spontaneous testimony of millions of intelligent witnesses. No acrid oil or acid defiles its stimulating principle: its tonic constituents are the finest that botanical research has yet discovered; it combines the properties of a gentle evacuant, a blood depurent, and an anti-bilious medicine, with invigorating qualities of the highest order, and is admitted both by the public and the profession to be the surest protection against all diseases that are produced or propagated by pestiferous air or unwholesome water, that has ever been used either in the United States or Tropical America.

In cases of constipation, resulting from a want of muscular tone in the intestines, the effect of the BITTERS is perfectly marvellous; and without the dangerous sequences of mercury, it restores the disordered liver to a normal condition.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞**A MEETING OF THE AL-**LEGHENY CITY REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE will be held at the Treasurer's Office, FRIDAY EVENING, September 3d, for the purpose of making arrangements for the primary meetings.
se1:n81 ARTHUR HOBSON, Chairman

☞**PITTSBURGH THEATRE.** H. W. WILLIAMS, Sole Lessee and Manager. This popular establishment having been entirely RENOVATED, REDECORATED AND IMPROVED, will open for the Fall and Winter Season on THURSDAY, September 2d, with the great Italian Premier Danseuse, SIGNORA ORERTO, and an entire new Company. Ladies' Matinee every Wednesday and Saturday at 2½ o'clock, se1

☞**SECOND WARD**

GEARY CLUB, ATTENTION!

The MARCHING CORPS will meet for drill

THIS EVENING AT WILKINS HALL,

AT 7:30 O'CLOCK, SHARP.

All Republicans, irrespective of wards, desirous of participating in the reception of Gov. Morton, are cordially invited to be present. New uniforms are now ready for distribution. se1

NEW CLOVER HONEY.

A fresh supply of choice Fayette County Honey in small glass boxes, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
se1 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

NOTICE.—Whereas, letters of administration on the estate of WILLIAM VANCE, late of Plum Township, Allegheny Co., dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same, without delay, to ROBERT VANCE,
Havelock, Washington county.
SAMUEL CLUTTER, Pittsburgh,
Administrators.
Or to ROBB & SNIVELY, Pittsburgh, their Attorneys, at No. 87 Grant Street, Pittsburgh.
se1:n79 w

NO. —, SEPTEMBER TERM of the COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny county.

In the matter of the application of the COLUMBIA FIRE COMPANY, of Allegheny City, for a Charter of Incorporation.

And now, to wit, the 30th day of August, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, it is ordered and directed that notice of said application be inserted in the Pittsburgh DAILY MORNING GAZETTE for at least three weeks, setting forth that an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Allegheny to grant the said The Columbia Fire Company of Allegheny City a Charter of Incorporation, and that such Charter will be granted at the next Term of said Court unless exceptions be filed in proper time.
se1:n80 w BY THE COURT.

LIST OF BOOKS USED IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS, Pittsburgh.
Osgood's Primer, Osgood's Speller,
Wilson's First Reader,
Osgood's Second Reader,
Wilson's Third Reader,
Wilson's Third Reader, (Intermediate),
Osgood's Fourth Reader,
Wilson's Fourth Reader, (Intermediate),
Osgood's Fifth Reader,
Burtt's English Grammar,
Burtt's Practical Grammar,
Dean's Primary Arithmetic,
Dean's Intermediate Arithmetic,
Dean's Public School Arithmetic,
Guyot's Primary Geography,
Guyot's Intermediate Geography,
Guyot's Common School Geography,
Goodrich's History of the United States,
Robinson's New Elementary Algebra,
Webster's School Dictionaries,
Alden's Citizen's Manual,
Smart's Gymnastics,
Coe's Drawing Cards.
For sale at the Lowest Prices, by
R. S. DAVIS & CO.,
se1 192 LIBERTY STREET.

GEARY, WILLIAMS AND VICTORY!

A GRAND

RATIFICATION MEETING

Of the Republican Nominations,

WILL BE HELD AT

CITY HALL

By the National Union Republicans of Allegheny county, on

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2d,

AT 7½ O'CLOCK.

Hon. O. P. MORTON,

U. S. Senator of Indiana, the eloquent orator and distinguished statesman, will address the meeting. Turn out Republicans, and let us begin with a rousing, old-fashioned meeting—a thundering report from Allegheny's first gun in the campaign. By order of the Executive Committee,
W. S. PURVIANCE, Chairman.
au27

THE

SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY

Of Pittsburgh.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, January 24, 1867. For the safe-keeping of Bonds and other Securities, Gold and Silver, Silver Plate, Books, Records, Diamonds and Valuables of all descriptions, under guarantee, and for the renting of Safes in its burglar-proof vaults. Building and Office:

No. 83 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PRESIDENT—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
VICE PRESIDENT—HENRY LLOYD.

DIRECTORS:

WM. PHILLIPS,	JAMES I. BENNETT,
HENRY LLOYD,	BYRON H. PAINTER,
WILLIAM REA,	JOS. S. MORRISON,
WILLIAM M. LYON,	GEORGE BLACK,
CURTIS G. HUSSEY.	

SECRETARY AND TREASURER:
S. F. VON BONNHORST.
au28:n67

ESTABLISHED 1828.

H. HIGBY..... .....ALBERT HIGBY.

H. HIGBY & CO.,

Importers and dealers in

China, Glass & Queensware,

Fine Plated Ware, Table Cutlery, Castors, Waiters and Brittania Ware.

No. 189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above Sixth street, (late St Clair.)
N B.—Glass Ware engraved to order on short notice. au26:n50

W. C. ARMSTRONG,

Successor to Feizer & Armstrong,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 25 MARKET STREET.

my18

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c.,

349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,

my24:b87

JOHN I. HOUSE..EDW. HOUSE....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, September 1st, 1869.

TO DELINQUENT TAX PAYERS

OF THE

City of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given to all persons who have not paid their taxes, rates, levies or assessments in said City of Allegheny, that they are required to pay the same on or before the

FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT,

then FIVE PER CENT. will be added thereto and made payable thereon, and that if the same be not paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT following, warrants will be directed to properly qualified persons, commanding each of them to levy for said taxes with all costs and charges accrued thereon of any goods and chattels of the delinquents wheresoever found, and to make sale thereof after advertisement as in cases of distress for rent.

D. MACFERRON,
se1:n78 CITY TREASURER.

BATES

&

BELL'S

FOR

Linen Goods,

White Goods,

Cassimeres,

Flannels,

L. C. Handkerchiefs,

Black Alpacas.

sel:MWF

SCHOOL BOOKS.

KAY & COMPANY,

Booksellers and Stationers,

65 WOOD STREET,

(LAFAYETTE BUILDING.)

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE

Text Books,

SCHOOL STATIONERY,

Wholesale and Retail.

WILSON'S SCHOOL & FAMILY READERS,

Recently adopted in the Pittsburgh Public Schools.

Price Lists and Descriptive Circulars sent by mail to any address. au31:TW

DESIRABLE GOODS

Received This Day by

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

NEW STYLES
NECK, BOW AND SASH RIBBONS.
PLAIN, BROCADE AND FANCY

ARAB SHAWLS,

In choice styles. The new

SAILOR AND BLONDE HATS,

IN DIFFERENT COLORS.

HAT PLUMES AND BIRDS,
CHOICE FRENCH FLOWERS,
COLORED SATINS,
COLORED VELVETS in every shade,
HAIR NETS. TAP SWITCHES,
NEW FRENCH and GERMAN CORSETS,
TRAVELING SATCHELS,
FINE SILK FANS,
LINEN FANS,

KID GLOVES

Another lot, including the Bright and Light Shades.
HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES in new designs.
FURNISHING GOODS. New styles in
NECK WEAR,
FINE SUSPENDERS,
WHITE AND FANCY SHIRTS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW RUBBER JEWELRY,
SHELL BRACELETS AND BANDS,
And a general assortment of Notions,

Wholesale and Retail,

77 and 79 MARKET STREET.

au31

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

Office—No. 5 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
Capt. JOHN MESSNER, Deputy, Pittsburgh Market.
Lieut. GEO. B. McNULTY, Deputy, Allegheny Market.

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXTRA GOOD

NEW GOODS

AT

WILLIAM

Nos. 180

FEDERAL STREET,

12 yards Fast Col'd Calico for $1.
12 yards Unbleached Muslin for $1.
12 yards Bleached Muslin for $1.
At 25c. Heavy Grey Twilled Flannel.
At 25c. double width Sheeting Flannel.
At 25c. Extra Quality Plain Wool Flannels.
At 12½c. Good Yard Wide Bleached Muslin.
At 12½c. Heavy Sheeting Muslins.
At 10c. Good Linen Towelling.
At 12½c. Wide Linen Towelling.
At 50c. Wide Table Linen, good Quality.

NEW STOCK OF

Cassimeres and Jeans, Tickings and Checks.
Shirting Flannels, White Bed Quilts,
Heavy Country Flannels, Heavy Wool Quilts
White Country Blankets, Sheeting Muslin,
Eastern Blankets, Pillow Case Muslin,
Gray Blankets, Towels and Napkins.

NEW GOODS DAILY COMING IN

Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Prices.

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on each succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.
Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left forsale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.
jy28:m66

OFFICE OF THE
COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND,
Treasury Department of Pennsylvania,
HARRISBURG, August 20, 1869

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RE-CEIVED for the redemption of ONE MILLION DOLLARS of the loan of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, due July 1st, 1870, until 12 o'clock M. OCTOBER 1st 1869. Communications to be addressed to R. W. MACKEY, Esq., State Treasurer, Harrisburg, Penna., and endorsed bids for redemption of State Loan.

F. JORDAN,
Secretary of State.
J. F. HARTRANFT,
Auditor General.
R. W. MACKEY,
State Treasurer.
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

N. B.—No newspaper publishing the above without authority, will receive pay therefor.
au23:n88

R. M. M'COWAN.....J. R. M'KOWN.

R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,

Boulevard Pavers,

Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.

Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.
Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inst Yards, Drives, &c.
Warranted against changes of heat and cold.
REFERENCES—Max. Morehead, Lyon & Shorb, Rody Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. jy16:m23

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our entire Summer Stock of Boys', Youths' and Children's Clothing, closing out at greatly reduced prices.

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

No. 47 SIXTH STREET

LATE ST. CLAIR.

au19

ALPERT & KOHLER,

Manufacturers and Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, No. 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Particular attention given to Custom Work.
We beg leave to direct the attention of the public to the fact that we are now prepared to manufacture Boots and Shoes for persons troubled with Corns, Bunions, or deformed feet, under the personal supervision of our Mr. ALPERT, formerly of Allegheny City, who will be pleased to see his old customers again. We have adopted Mr. Alpert's mode of measuring the foot, by which we can be safe in warranting easy and comfortable Boots and Shoes for the tenderest feet. Give us a trial and be convinced.
ALPERT & KOHLER,
au9:n21 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.—One of the

FINEST BUILDING LOTS

Ever offered to the Pittsburgh public. Suitable for either public or private buildings; having a front on a 60 feet street of 100 feet by 340 feet to a 40 feet street and a 20 feet alley, the whole depth on one side. Less than three miles from the Diamond, and but 70 feet from Butler street. Inquire of

D. S. WILLIAMS.

Seventeenth ward, opposite St. John's Episcopal Church. au30:n72

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCE-MENT.—To the citizens of adjoining counties, who are forming Militia or Military Companies,

LANE & TOWNSEND,

430 Market St., Philadelphia.

Offer for sale a large quantity of the All-Wool Dark Blue Cloth Infantry Frock Coats in sound condition, for the low price (in quantities of 100 or upwards) of $5.00 each, cash on delivery. au23:n40

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOODS

AT

SEMPLE'S,

and 182

ALLEGHENY CITY.

NEW

DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS.

Bright Plaid Poplins,
Silk Warp Poplins,
Changeable Poplins,
Alpaca Poplins, all colors,
New Style DeLaines,
French Mohair Lustres,
Black Mohair Lustres,
Black Empress Cloth,
Black Wool DeLain,
Black Poplin Alpaca,
Black French Merino,
Black Alpacas,
Arab Shawls, choice colors,
Striped Shawls,
Paisley Single & Double Shawls,
Black Thibet Shawls,
Woolen Square Shawls.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE.
22d DIST., PA., Pittsburgh, July 31, 1869.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 3d day of March, 1869, there was seized upon the premises of R. L. ANDERSON, of Mansfield, Allegheny county, Pa., for violation of "Internal Revenue Law, of July 20th, 1868," the following articles, to-wit:
3,900 Cigars;
73 pounds Leaf Tobacco.
Also, that on the 26th day of June, 1869, there was seized upon the premises of FRED. MILLER, of West Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa., the following articles, to-wit:
200 Cigars;
10 pounds Leaf Tobacco.
Also, that on the 30th day of May, 1869, there was seized upon the premises of CHARLES GRENISH, of the City of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa., the following articles, to-wit:
27 pounds Leaf Tobacco;
2,800 Cigars.
Also, that on the 7th day of May, 1869, there was seized upon the premises of JACOB YOST, of Coultersville, Allegheny county, Pa., the following articles, to-wit:
3 bbls Cut and Dry Tobacco.
Also, that on the 1st day of March, 1869 there was seized upon the premises of M. S. MARTON, of Lower St. Clair Township, Allegheny county, Pa., the following articles, to-wit:
700 Cigars.
Also, that on the 11th day of May, 1869, there was seized upon the premises of WILLIAM COHEN, of the City of Pittsburgh, Pa., the following articles, to-wit:
1 half cady Louisville Navy Tobacco;
3 quarter boxes " " "
1 half cady Golden Bar Tobacco:
1 quarter cady " " "
20 pounds Plug Twist Tobacco;
2 bales Virginia Smoking Tobacco;
8 papers Cut and Dry Smoking Tobacco;
5 quarter papers Gen. Grant Smoking Tobacco;
12 bags " " "
17 Snuff and 4 Tobacco Boxes;
8 papers Solace Chewing Tobacco;
10 Cigar Tubes;
3 Pipes and 1 box Clay Pipes;
1 box Chewing Tobacco;
3 barrels Leaf Tobacco;
20 boxes Cigars;
¼ boxes Fine Cut Tobacco;
17 bbls Scrap Tobacco; 400 Toby Cigars;
⅛ box Century Chewing Tobacco.
Also, that on the 19th day of July, 1869, there was seized upon the premises of WILLIAM COHEN, of the City of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa., the following articles, to-wit:
1 Lot of Leaf Tobacco, 575 pounds;
1 Show Case; 1 Lot Cigars, 3,800;
20 pounds Cut and Dry Tobacco;
12½ pounds No. 1 Smoking Tobacco;
260 Paper Boxes; 1 Image; 1 Box Pipes;
6 pounds Chewing Tobacco;
1 Counter Scale and Weights;
2 Glass Jars; 1 pair Sheep Shears.
Also, that on the 16th day of July, 1869, there was seized at the Depot of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad, in the City of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, the following property, to-wit:
Also, that on the 22d day of July, 1869, there was seized on the premises of ALBERT GLOCKNER, of the City of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, the following property, to-wit:
5 empty Whisky Barrels, with distillery, warehouse and tax paid stamps, not effaced.
Also, that on the 28th day of July, 1869, there was seized on the premises of JOHN NUSSER, of the Borough of Birmingham, county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, the following property, to-wit:
4,500 Cigars, with stamps of 1864.
Any person or persons having any claim or interest in the foregoing specified goods, are notified herewith to appear and make good such claim within thirty days from date of the first publication, otherwise they will be sold according to law.

THOMAS W. DAVIS,
au11-w Collector Internal Revenue.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between ROBERT HAY and LEWIS HAY, under the firm of R. Hay & Son was dissolved on the 25th day of August, 1869, by mutual consent. All debts due to said firm are to be paid to, and those due from the same discharged by the said Robert Hay, at No. 145 Federal street, Allegheny City, where the business will be continued by said Robert Hay. A. WALTER HAY,
au27:n62 ROBERT HAY.

J. E. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS,

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions done. aug9:n38

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

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☞All orders promptly attended to

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,

329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

je30

NEWSPAPER FREE.—Coal Miners, and persons desiring a Western Home, and others, can have a spicy Weekly Paper FREE FOR SIX MONTHS by sending name and Postoffice address to GARDNER JOURNAL, Gardner, Illinois. 31:m18

DIVIDENDS.

CENTRAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, August 24, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders on demand.
J. W. DAVITT,
au31 Cashier.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞*NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—By a Lady from the east, a situation as housekeeper or companion, or as governess for small children. Address, for two days, Mrs. A., 54 Sheffield street, Allegheny.

WANTED.—SITUATION, by a married man as a driver. Can give good reference. Address GEORGE, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—TINNER—SITUA-TION desired to work at the Tinning business. Would prefer to work under instructions. Address, L. H. M., Box 64, West Andover, Ohio.

WANTED.—A SITUATION by Married Man as carriage driver for either Livery Stable or private family. Country preferred. Address Box H., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS Clerk, Salesman, or Travelling Agent for a wholesale or manufacturing establishment. Can give good city references. Address Box "51," New Cumberland, W. Va.

WANTED---HELP

WANTED—GIRLS—One Cook for Restaurant and one to do Chamber work. Apply at No. 52 Smithfield street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY.— 5 GOOD TINNERS at LACOCK & HAWTHORN'S, 28 Ohio street, Allegheny City, Pa.

WANTED.—A first-class MA-CHINE BLACKSMITH. Enquire at the INDUSTRIAL WORKS, corner Polat alley and Duquesne Way.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EM-PLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—100 Confidential AGENTS to dispose of a good paying article. An energetic and trustworthy man can make $50,000 in two months. Particulars free. Call on or address DAILEY & CO., 208 Broadway, N. Y. au2:n23d&T1

WANTS.

WANTED.—10,000 Acres of LAND WARRANTS and AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LAND SCRIP, wanted. Address, JOHN S. BRADDOCK, Mount Vernon, Ohio.

WANTED.—A good second-HAND ENGINE AND BOILER; engine about 7 inch cylinder; Boiler from 18 to 20 feet, 36 to 46-inch, and flued. Parties having such machinery to sell, will please address Box 384, Pittsburgh Postoffice, stating size, make and price.

WANTED.—A SMALL HOUSE, of three rooms, in Manchester or Lawrenceville. Also, a SITUATION in a clothing store as salesman. Good reference given. Address W. P. BRANDON, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

TO LET.

TO-LET—A second Story Front ROOM, suitable for single gentlemen, at No 31 Ninth (formerly Hand) street.

TO-LET—ROOM.—A furnished FRONT ROOM, in one of the most desirable portions of the city. Enquire at 52 SMITHFIELD STREET.

TO LET—FOUR NEW HOUSES of SIX ROOMS each on Jalappa street, Fifth ward, Allegheny, near Allegheny avenue, one square from Manchester street cars. Enquire of T. M. SHOLES, 89 Federal street, corner of Stockton avenue, or CHARLES P. STRIGHT, 171 North avenue, corner of Webster street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of bath rooms, the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. 181 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—The STOCK and FIXTURES of the best located RETAIL HAT, CAP and FUR STORE in the City of Pittsburgh. No bonus for good will or lease. E. R. WILSON, 118 Wood street. tf

FOR SALE.—FOUR ACRES four miles from the city, on the New Brighton Road, about five minutes walk from Railroad Station. It is an excellent building site with a fine view of the Ohio River, and good orchard of fruit bearing Apple, Cherry an Peach trees. Apply to A. COWLEY, Iron City College. tf

FOR SALE.—Grocery Stand, STOCK AND FIXTURES located on Fifth Avenue, six squares from the Court House, cheap for cash. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—The Stock, Good WILL AND FIXTURES of that old established RETAIL GROCERY STAND, at No. 256 Sandusky street, Allegheny City. Also the store room for rent. Enquire on the premises of MARY MERSDITH.

FOR SALE.—Beautiful coun-TRY RESIDENCE, near Perrysville; modern improvements and 16 or 53 acres of choice land. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—Lease and good will of a TAVERN STAND in a desirable locality. Terms easy; doing a good business. Apply of WM. JACKSON, 73 Grant street.

FOR SALE—Five acres within five minutes' walk of the Leetsdale Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., 14 miles from the city, 4 acres cleared, House of 3 rooms, Small Fruits, Grapes, &c. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT. —Situate at Hulton Station. Lot contains 1¼ acres, on which is erected a good Frame Dwelling containing 6 rooms, with fruit trees, &c. Address JOHN CUPPS, Hulton Station.

FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST FARM IN ARMSTRONG COUNTY, Pa., 101½ acres for $4,600, well improved, good Orchard, good Buildings, good Water and good Neighborhood. There is a bargain in this property; we have seen it and know it. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—One-half of a valuable PATENT for Pennsylvania. A small article used in all houses. A chance for an active young man with a few hundred dollars. Address PATENT, Postoffice Box 690.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 MARKET STREET.

ARE NOW RECEIVING

A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS,

AND ARE SELLING

At Very Low Prices.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 MARKET STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BAKERY.—A well FURNISHED BAKERY, in a Good Location, is for Sale very cheap. Inquire at No. 23 Grant street.

FOR SALE.—A Drug Store and all the Fixtures, Drugs, &c., of the latest style, situated on the corner of Tunnell street and Fifth avenue. For full particulars inquire at the Store or WILLIAM WARD, No. 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE—FARM AT A BAR-GAIN—$40 PER ACRE will purchase a good Farm of 239 Acres in Westmoreland county, Pa., two miles from Railroad. Good soil, well watered, underlaid with coal and limestone. House, Barn, Orchard, &c., &c. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—MANUFACTUR-ING SITE, fronting on the West Penna. R. R., and the Allegheny river, in eighth ward, Allegheny city, (formerly Duquesne Borough.) Lot is 94 feet on river, 104 on Railroad by 335 feet deep, splendid location for any kind of a manufactory. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—LEASE.—THE premises lately occupied by the Eureka Paint and Color Works, situated on the corner of Morgan street and the Railroad, in the 4th ward, Allegheny, consisting of a three story Brick Building, 20x80 feet, containing Engine and Boiler complete, together with Shafting. Also, a large shed suitable for storage, and a two story Dwelling. For further particulars apply to I. M. PENNOCK, No. 19 Seventh (late Irwin) street, Pittsburgh, Pa. au21-n56

FOR SALE.—THE SUBSCRI-BER wishing to retire to the country, wishes to sell the Stock, Fixtures and Good Will of his business, and will lease the warehouse for one or more years. The business has been established some thirty years, some eighteen years of which the present proprietor has been its head. The trade is Wholesale and Retail, Mercantile and Manufacturing, and will pay on an average 50 per cent. profit. From $12,000 to $16,000 will be required, time for part of which may be given. Can be increased indefinitely, with but little more capital. Address, with real name, Box C, GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.

SECOND AVENUE.—Two houses, 3 stories, 9 rooms, with all modern improvements. Will sell for $5,500 and $6,500 each. Easy terms.
SQUIRREL HILL.—4 acres of ground, with splendid view over the Monongahela Valley; Adapted for private residence or to be laid out in Building Lots. At a bargain.
THREE MILES FROM SHARPSBURG.—20 acres of best garden land, with 500 of the choicest fruit trees in just bearing condition. Convenient to flour and saw mill. For particulars enquire at

87 Grant Street.

TUSTIN & KLEE.

au14

FOR SALE.

House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward; 10 acres at Fleming Station; House and 1½ acres; also 6½ acres at Glendale Station; 16 acres about 1 mile from Fleming Station; 34 acres at Fair Oaks Station; 17 acres at Glendale on P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; House and Lot corner Hemlock and Poplar street; Lot on Troy Hills; House on Sandusky street; 3 Houses on Boyle street; 3 Farms in Ohio; 2 Houses in Eighth ward; Farm in Sewickley township; Farm near Perrysville; House on Ledlie street; Farm in Westmoreland county; Farm in Butler county; 5 Lots near Bredel's Grove; 2 acres on Henderson's Hill; 1 acre at Jack's Run; House and Lots on Beaver street; House and Lots on Beaver street; House and Lot in Salem, Ohio; 2 Lots on Fremont street; other Houses and Lots in good localities.
M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky street, Allegheny. au27

FOR SALE.

A LEASE EIGHT YEARS TO RUN of a lot of ground fronting 138 feet on Strawberry Lane, running back 258 feet immediately in rear of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Co's stable, and on the line of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, adjacent to the Ohio river, on which is erected TWO GOOD FRAME TENANTHOUSES of three rooms each, with good stabling and out houses complete. This property is well adapted for lumber or coke business, there being already erected thereon eight coke ovens with all the necessary appliances for carrying on that business.
ALSO, for rent or lease, a comfortable FRAME HOUSE of three rooms, in a good location within five minutes walk of Woods Run Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., to which there is attached about half an acre of ground. This property will be rented low for a term of years to a good tenant. Inquire of

ALEXANDER PATTERSON,

Lumber Yard corner Preble and Juniata streets, or No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. y29:m77

FOR SALE—PROPERTY.

8 lots 25x131 feet, graded, only $500—$100 per year. 4 lots 24x132 feet, $400—$100 per year. 1 lot 25x129 feet, $500; Reed street. Frame house of 3 rooms, lot 24x100 feet; only $1,100. Brick house of 7 rooms, bath room and stable; 22x100—$4,500. 2 three-storied brick houses on Fulton street, each $4,500. 4 five roomed pressed brick houses finely finished new; lot 6x100. Two brick houses, pumps and hydrants, all for $4,000. New two room and cellar brick house, lot 20x100; $1,200—$600 cash and $100 per year. Good seven roomed house and lot 24x260 feet, $2,500, and easy terms. 6 roomed frame house, lot 24x60, $1,500—$500 cash and balance in 1 and 2 years. 2 lots on Wylie street 24x80; $950. 1 lot on Wylie street 25x125; $1,000. 11 lots on Centre avenue 22½x125; $900 each. 150 feet front on Centre avenue by 125 feet deep, will divide to suit. 6 lots on Centre avenue from $300 to $800. The above property is well located and within 10 to 12 minutes walk of the Court House, and on the New Central Passenger R. R. 20 acres on Western Penna. Railroad, 4 miles from the city, 20 acres on Pan Handle Railroad, 4 miles from city. New 6 room frame house 1 mile from Court House. 225 acres Missouri land.
Persons desiring to purchase a home or make an investment, and those wishing to sell, please call on or address.
McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
au30 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROP-ERTY of 60 ACRES in South Buffalo Township, Armstrong county, Pa., on Buffalo Creek, adjoining the Freeport line. Flouring Mill, Saw Mill, and best Water Power in the State. Frame Dwelling House of 6 rooms and cellar, handsomely situated on the W. P. R. R., now building from Freeport to Erie. Will be sold at Public Sale on THURSDAY, August 26, 1869. For further particulars address,
au20 JOSEPH B. WAY, Freeport.

PERSONAL.—All persons seek-ING HOMES, or investments in Real Estate, will save time, trouble and money by procuring a copy of the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER." It is given away GRATIS or will be sent by mail FREE to any requesting it. Persons cannot fail to get suited out of the large list it contains. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

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INDEPENDENT TEMPER-ANCE CANDIDATE.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

ISAIAH DICKEY.

au5:n12

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PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL

Of every description. Also, best

Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.

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GENERAL PARTNERS:

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SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER,

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

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COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

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DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROW BARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern. STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL.
COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES.
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

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Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

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BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Maleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

GAS PIPE AND TUBING,

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ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

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Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike treets. sp25

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ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.

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100 WOOD STREET.

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NEW GOODS.

FINE VASES,

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NEW STYLES, DINNER SETS, TEA SETS, GIFT CUPS, SMOKING SETS,

A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

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Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

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RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

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Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS, CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

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Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:169

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:c61

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For Steamboats.

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Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

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In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in Want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.

Send for Catalogue and Price List. Je30

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THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

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se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

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Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

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Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
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TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1½ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Saginaw Shingles.
200,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON, Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap:6

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WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

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Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

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CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

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My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

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I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

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Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street. ap14:h40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

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Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r62

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

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Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. mv14:q5

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BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chilled Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

OILS.

DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

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Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

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WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

ap10

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

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ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,

Will cut Screws,

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,

Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Head-Light Oil, Oil, Tanners' Stuff Benzole, ing & Finishing Oil, Gasoline, Harness Oil. Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vaccuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

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SCALES.

Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

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AMERICAN BANK.

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This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business. je10:k43

FIFTH AVENUE BANK

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SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on time deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas on most favorable terms.

Exchange on all the principal Foreign cities bought and sold.

Discount days Tuesday and Friday.

Open from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock.

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au18:n51

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

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INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

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JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

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STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

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Corner Third and Wood Streets,

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(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:t852

PACIFIC RAILWAY GOLD LOAN.

Messrs. DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., 53 Exchange Place, and M. K. JESUP & CO., 12 Pine Street, N. Y., offer for sale the Bonds of the Kansas Pacific Railway. These Bonds pay seven per cent. in Gold; have thirty years to run; are Free from Government Taxation; are secured by a Land Grant of Three Million Acres of the Finest Lands in Kansas and Colorado. In addition to this special grant the Company also owns Three Millions of Acres in Kansas, which are being rapidly sold to develop the country and improve the road. They are a first mortgage upon the extension of the road from Sheridan, Kansas, to Denver, Colorado. The road in operation NOW EARNS MORE THAN ENOUGH NET INCOME TO PAY THE INTEREST ON THE NEW LOAN. There is no better security in the market—this being in some respects better than Government Securities. PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD. Price 96, and accrued Interest, in Currency. Pamphlets, Maps and Circulars furnished on application. au10

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ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

FINANCIAL.

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets. my6

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities. ja30:a1

JAMES T. BRADY & Co.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, August 31, 1869.

Government bonds were steady to-day, with scarcely any fluctuations. Although the Government will buy to-morrow two millions of bonds, no efforts are made to advance quotations, and the market is permitted to take its own course without any influence of clique or speculative movements. In fact the market is in a condition that offers little encouragement for the present to calculate on a rise. The decline in Europe, not only of American, but of all other securities, is the natural reaction from a wild excitement prevailing on all the different stock exchanges of Europe, and seems to be the forerunner of a heavy decline, benefitting nobody but the rich speculators, who have done all in their power to draw small capitalists in, in order to take from them what little they had left.

Gold is kept steady at 133¼ on account of the uncertainty of the European markets, which may at any moment require the shipment of funds, temporarily employed here, and should any call for a shipment of coin be made, a rapid advance of 5 to 7 points would be an easy matter to raise the market for those who have been carrying it since it touched 144.

Stocks are dull, except Reading, which advanced to-day to 97¼. Money easy.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 133⅝; Silver, 128; Eighty-one's, 123¼; Five Twenties, 1862, 123⅛; do 1864, 122⅝; do 1865, 122⅝; do 1865, Consols, 121¼; do 1867, 121¼; do 1868, 121¼; Ten Forties, 115¾; New York Central, 202¾; Erie, ——; Reading, 97⅛; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 188¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 132¼; Michigan Southern, 105⅞; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 106¼; Chicago & Rock Island, 114⅝; Chicago & North Western, 84: Chicago & North Western Preferred, 94¼; Adams Express Company, 56; Merchants Union Express, 11; Pacific Mail, 79⅜; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37¼; American Express Company 35½.

EXCHANGE,	*Large.*	*Small.*
London, per £	$6,60	$6,70
Paris, per franc	27	28⅛
Berlin, thaler	97	99
Frankfort, florins	57¼	58⅛

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold: 133⅝; United States Sixes, 1881, 123¼; Five-Twenties; 1862, 123¼; do. 1864, 122¾; do. 1865, 122¾; Ten-Forties, 115½; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 121¾: do. do. 1867, 121½; do. do. 1868, 121⅜: Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 86: Central do, do, 99; Cy. Pacific, 111⅜; Lake Superiors, 96.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK, August 31, 1869.

Money is easy at 5@7 per cent., mostly at 6 per cent. Sterling heavy at 9⅛@9⅛ per cent. Gold opened at 133¾, and closed at 133½@133⅝. Carrying rates at 2⅛@7 per cent. The clearances were $63,000,000. The steamer Silesia took out $72,000.

Governments are firm and scarce. Coupons 81, 123¼@123¼; do. '62, 123¼@123¼; do. '64, 122⅝@122¾; do. '65, 122⅝@122¾; do. new, 121¼@121¾; do. '67 121¼@121⅝; do. '68, 121¼@121⅜. 10-40's, 115½@115⅝. Pacifics 111¼@111⅜.

State bonds are heavy. Old Tennessees, 60½; new, 51⅜; old North Carolinas, 56; new, 48; old Virginias, 55; new, 58.

The stock market during the morning was dull, but presented more life this afternoon than it has for many days; New York Central advanced from 198⅝ to 204, Hudson from 182½ to 184½, Reading from 95¾ to 97⅛, Northwestern from 83¼ to 84⅜, preferred from 93½ to 94½, and St. Paul common from 78 to 79¼. The rise on the balance of the market is ½ to ¾ per cent. At the close the advance was not sustained and there was a general reaction from the highest point, particularly in Central and Hudson. The rise and activity in Vanderbilt stocks is due to a rumor that the Commodore would arrive in the city to-morrow to arrange for an early consolidation of the Central and Hudson National. Stock Exchange presented a lively aspect to-day on Erie, which ranged from 32¾ to 34⅜, with a large buiness. There was a single sale of 5,000 shares at 33¾.

Five-Thirty Prices: Canton, 59; Cumberland, 33; Western Union Telegraph, 37½; Quicksilver, 14½; Mariposa, 7; do. preferred, 12; Pacific Mail, 80; Adams Express, 56; Wells, 19; American, 36½; United States, 62½; Merchants, 11; New York Central, 203; Harlem, 159; Hudson, 184½; Reading, 97; Erie, 34⅜; do. pref., 55; Michigan Central, 128; Michigan Southern, 105⅜; Illinois Central, 137; Pittsburgh, 105; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 78¾; Rock Island, 114⅜; St. Paul, 78⅞; do. preferred, 87½; Wabash, 82¼; Fort Wayne, 88¾; Terre Haute, 34; do. preferred, 56½; Chicago and Alton preferred, 154; Ohio and Mississippi, 32¾.

Mining shares: Smith & P. 275, La Crosse 16. Coppers at Boston unchanged. Sub-Treasury balance not announced.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, August, 31 1869.

There is a general accumulation of grain at Chicago, the receipts last week exceeding the shipments over half a million of bushels. As the course of the Chicago wheat market is being watched with considerable interest, we clip the following from the *Republican* of Wednesday: The market was quiet, and prices were weak and lower, under only a limited demand for immediate delivery, liberal offerings, and unfavorable advices, both from New York and Liverpool. Spring wheat particularly was dull, shippers not buying as the margin between here and New York is against them, while millers did not want it, as they have on hand now more flour than they can sell; hence what few buyers there were present named about their own figures. The "shorts" did not appear anxious to settle or fill in their contracts still out for this month, evidently thinking that unless there is a decided change in the demand and supply, and an improvement in the more prominent markets of the old and new world prices cannot go higher, even if they do not go lower. The "longs," on the other hand were despondent and gloomy, and though they may force the market up on Monday they cannot but be large loosers, for the reason that the "shorts" during the past week have made a very large number of settlements and reduced the line very much. The "longs" wanted to manipulate the market, but were afraid to do so, and it can be safely said that rule thirteen has prevented an extensive "corner" on the market.

APPLES—Continue quiet and unchanged; sales at $1@3 per bbl.

BERRIES—Sales of Blackberries at 90 cents per pail, pails returned.

BUTTER—Prime to choice is in active demand and higher, with sales at 27@30 cents.

CHEESE—May be quoted at 15@17 cents—the outside figure for New York goshen.

CEMENT—Johnstown Hydraulic Cement is quoted at $2,25 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—The demand is rather better, as the season is just about opening up, and jobbers will soon have plenty of orders; we continue to quote at 28 cents for standard brands, that is for 25 or 50 bbl lots.

EGGS—Sales at 15@16.

FEATHERS—Dull; quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—The demand continues light, being confined entirely to supplying the wants of the local trade, and with liberal arrivals, the supply is accummulating. Winter wheat brands are selling at from $7@7,50, and the same quotations will answer for springs.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and unchanged; sales of prime new at $1,35—prime old might bring $1,40. Oats dull, with a good supply and light demand; small sales in store at 49@50. Rye, also, is dull and drooping, with but few buyers above $1,10@1,12. Corn very dull, with sales of prime ear at 98@$1. Barley, too, is rather dull, with a drooping tendency, but unchanged.

HAY—Sales in Allegheny Diamond market, at prices ranging from $13 to $21—mainly at $15@18.

HIGHWINES—Are still quoted, in a jobbing way, at $1,23@1,25.

HEMP—Very dull, $205 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—White Lime is quoted at $1,50, and Cleveland at $2,50 per bbl.

LARD OIL—F. Sellers & Co. quote Extra No. 1, at 1,43, and No. 2, at $ 1,05@1,08

MELONS—Sales at $18@27 per 100, as to size, condition and quality.

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, at 50@55 per pair.

PROVISIONS—Bacon, Sohulders, 15¾; Ribbed Sides, 18½; Clear do, 19½; Sugar Cured Hams, 23@23½. Lard, 20¾ in tirces, 21 in half bbls, and 21½ in buckets and kegs. Mess Pork, $33¾@34. Dried Beef, 22.

POTATOES—Sales of sweets at $5@6 per bbl. The outside figure for Jerseys.

PEANUTS—Have still further advanced, and we now quote at 15.

PLUMS—$8 per case, or 4 per bushel.

PEARS—$2@3 per bbl.

PEACHES—Sold at from $1,50 to 2,00 per box.

SEEDS—There is nothing doing in Clover or Flaxseeds. Small sales of Timothy at $4,75.

SALT—Is quoted at $1,75 by the car load, and $2 for small lots in store.

TALLOW—Rendered quoted at 10½.

CHICAGO, Aug. 31—Eastern exchange more active at par selling, and 1-10 off buying. Flour more active and firmer at $5,25@7,50 for spring extras. Wheat firmer and 2@2½c higher; sales of No. 1 at $1,28@1,29; No. 2 at $1,25½@1,27, closing at $1.26@1,26½ for No. 2; this afternoon the market was active at $1,28 for No. 2. seller September. Corn is less active; sales of No. 2 at 88@88½, rejected at 83½@84; no grade at 77@82, and closing easy at 88 for No. 2; this afternoon the market is quiet at 86½ for No. 2. seller September. Oats steady; sales of No. 2 at 44@44½, rejected at 39@39¾, and closing at 44 for No. 2. Rye firmer and more active with sales of No. 2 at 94, rejected at 81@82, closing firm at 94 for No. 2 and 81½@82 for rejected. Barley more active and firmer with sales of No. 2 at $1,30@1,40 cash and $1,25 seller September, closing with buyers at $1,15 cash and seller, and $1,27 September. Highwines dull at $1,10. Sugar steady at 13½@14¼c for common to prime Cuba. Provisions quiet and firm. Mess Pork $33,75 cash. Dry salted shoulders steady at 13¼c. Lard inactive and nominal at 18¾@19c. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours —3,497 bbls flour, 59,534 bush wheat, 171,457 bush corn, 63,025 bush oats, 6,439 bush rye, 4,140 bush barley, 1,527 head hogs. Shipments—2,437 bbls flour, 31,402 bush wheat, 39,821 bush corn, 5,118 bush oats, 1,068 bush rye, 775 bush barley, 966 head hogs. Freights fairly active at 5@5½c to Buffalo.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE ART OF SLEEPING.

[From the Boston Traveller.]

Some persons have the gift of sleep, and need not cultivate the art of sleeping. They can lie down and go to sleep anywhere, and at any time, and under almost any conceivable circumstances. They can sleep when they are sick, and sleep away their sickness; they can sleep when they are in trouble, and forget all their cares. They sleep on a soft bed, or on a hard one; with comfortable pillows under their heads, or without them. They could lie down "in the midst of the sea," or "upon the top of a mast," and sleep—sleep.

And even if they cannot find a place to stretch themselves, they can still sleep, bolt upright, in a chair, in a car, or anywhere; their heads wagging around, to be sure, but their senses locked up quietly in the arms of sleep—sweet sleep. They can do all this on an empty stomach, and so forget their hunger; and they can do it equally well on a full stomach, and leave nature to take care of its load. Such people may truly be said to possess the gift of sleep. Some persons may call them "sleepy heads;" yet they contrive to get through the world very comfortably; and though they may not be lean and hungry-looking, and may even be inclosed in their own fat, some of them, they are not necessarily heavy and stupid when awake. We chance to know some of this breed of sleeping men and women, who are a match for anybody when awake. But sleep to them is a gift, not an art, nor an acquisition.

There is, however, another class of humans—and much the more numerous class too—who are poor sleepers, light sleepers, dainty sleepers; with whom sleep—good, sound, refreshing, continuous sleep—is the exception in their experience; and not the rule. These people need to study the art of sleeping. And first and foremost, they must carefully guard against the use of indigestible food and everything that tends to the derangement of the stomach. Three-quarters of all our sleeplessness arises from inquietude of the intestinal canal. A plentiful, but digestible and simple dinner, a light and very plain supper taken hours before bed time, a spunge bath before going to bed, which anybody can have in his own chamber; a well aired bed room, and not over heavy bed clothing, rather light to begin with, with a reserve blanket for after midnight, if needed—are all wise precautions for the light sleeper.

Light and pleasant employments and enjoyments for some hours before retiring are also quite desirable. The diversion of the mind from any absorbing, and particularly any discomforting and troublesome subject of thought, is also quite necessary, and then, a good fair start towards sleep, when the bed is first reached, is very important. Every man, when he gets into bed, should settle himself quietly at once, and then say—"Now I lay me down to sleep," and suit his actions to the words. If he once begins to turn from side to side, it is all over with him. It will be all night with him.

There is more in this getting of a fair start at once, than most people are aware of. It is like getting a good start in a race—the inside of the ring. After all, however, one may be beaten. But the chances will be greatly in his favor, if, in addition to previous precautions and preparations, he lays himself down at once to sleep.

But suppose he wakes out of his first sleep after an hour or two. Why then he must play 'possum and pretend sleep, and insist that he is only half awake at most, and by no means allow himself to be fully roused, if he can possibly avoid it. People go to sleep by sections, and they wake up ordinarily in the same way; and if care is used, the whole man may not be roused, and only a part will have to be quieted again. Yet, after all, the sleep seeker may miserably fail of his intended rest; for the best device of men and mice will sometimes gang awry; and then there is nothing better to do but to get up for a walk round the room, a draught of water, a quiet rock in an easy chair, a thorough cooling of the person and the bed, and another attempt at sleep.

Above all things avoid getting into a fret because of your sleeplessness. Don't think it a very grievous or unusual thing for one to be awake three or four hours on the stretch. It won't kill you. You will soon get used to the thing, or by patient painstaking will partially overcome the restless habit. We know men who are reasonably hale and hearty, though approaching their threescore years and ten, who yet hardly know from their own experience what an uninterrupted night's sleep means, and whole nights are ordinarily broken by hours of wakefulness.

The will has much to do with one's sleep. By training, the mind and body may be taught to obey pretty generally the determination of the will, John Wesley learned to go to sleep when he would, and where he would, and to sleep as long as he would. If he had half an hour's leisure, and needed sleep, he would throw himself down and take the required rest. Daniel Webster, if we mistake not, had something of the same power of going to sleep when he would. And though everybody cannot do exactly as Wesley and Webster did, they may approximate towards them, by the persistent exercise of the will in controlling mind and body; and even partial success will pay well for the trouble taken.

Whittier on Woman Suffrage.

The following letter from John. G. Whittier was read at the Woman Suffrage Convention, at Newport, Rhode Island, on Wednesday:

AMESBURY, 12th, 8mo., 1869.—*My Dear Friend:*—I have received thy letter, inviting me to attend the convention in behalf of woman's suffrage, at Newport, R. I., on the 25th inst. I do not see how it is possible for me to accept the invitation, and were it possible for me to do so, the state of my health would prevent me from taking such a part in the meeting as would relieve me from the responsibility of seeming to sanction anything in its action which might conflict with my own views of duty or policy. Yet I should do myself great injustice if I did not embrace this occasion to express my general sympathy with the movement. I have seen no good reason why mothers, wives and daughters should not have the same rights of person, property and citizenship which fathers, husbands and brothers have. The sacred memory of mother and sister, the wisdom and dignity of women of my own religious communion who have been accustomed to something like equality in rights as well as duties, my experience as a co-worker with noble and self sacrificing women as graceful and helpful in their household duties as firm and courageous in their public advocacy of unpopular truth, the steady friendships which have inspired and strengthened me, and the reverence and respect which I feel for human nature irrespective of sex, compel me to look with something more than acquiescence on the efforts you are making. I frankly confess that I am not able to forsee all the consequences of the great social and political change proposed; but of this I am at least sure, it is always safe to do right, and the truest expediency is simple justice. I can understand without sharing the misgivings of those who fear that, when the vote drops from woman's hands into the ballot box, the beauty and sentiment, the bloom and sweetness of womanhood will go with it. But in this matter it seems to me we can trust nature stronger than statutes or conventions. She will be conservative of all that the true man loves and honors in woman. Here and there may be found an equivocal, unsexed Chevelier D'Eon, but the eternal order and fitness of things will remain. I have no fear that man will be less manly or woman less womanly when they meet on terms of equality before the law.

On the other hand, I do not see that the exercise of the ballot by woman will prove a remedy for all the evils of which she justly complains. It is her right as truly as mine, and when she asks for it it is something less than manhood to withhold it. But, unsupported by a more practical education, higher aims and a deeper sense of the responsibilities of life, it is not likely to prove a blessing in her hands any more than in a man's.

With great respect and hearty sympathy, I am truly thy friend,

JOHN G. W[illegible]TTIER.

The Cost of a Californian Trip.

A traveler gives the following list of his expenses from New York to San Francisco:

Through to New York	$150
Pullman car to Chicago	3
Pullman car to Omaha	3
Pullman car to Promontory	8
Pullman car to Sacramento	6–20
Meals, seven days, all included	15
Total greenbacks	$185

The figures from Chicago, at this rate, would be about $160.

The same writer says:

I rode in a Pullman palace car every step of the way, and slept soundly every night, with good, square meals every day. It is simply a magnificent pleasure excursion and is certainly the most agreeable and comfortable journey in my life.

You engage your Pullman car at the depot in Chicago as you are starting. On the way to Omaha you book (by the car conductor) to Promotory, and on the way to Promotory you book to Sacramento City, (per conductor.) I occupied the same Pullman car all the way from Omaha to the steamboat landing at Sacramento, and came down on the stesmer Yosemite. The cars land you directly at the steamer wharf.

The whole road is in splendid order, and is a better road than the Erie or Pan-Handle roads. The Pullman car runs easily and the road has the "Fish Joint" all the way from Cheyenne to Sacramento to City.

Meals are, to Omaha, 75 cents; on the plains, $1.25; through Nevada and California, 75 cents, coin, or $1, greenbacks-Greenbacks go all the way to Sacramento. The first coin I paid out was for dinner on the Yosemite.

No trouble with baggage, as it is checked all the way, per the baggage master, as he passes through the ear.

Peaches.

The æsthetic, the sensuous and the sentimental part of man seldom meet so agreeably as they do over a basket of red peaches, whose cheeks yet seem to burn with the sun they left in Maryland orchards. The Persians signified love by the gift of half a peach. Let us love ourselves many times then, while this amber sun of August lasts. The peach is the rose of fruits. Unlike love, it is harmless in any of its effects. A man once wished to commit suicide, and, looking about for an easy death, decided to eat himself to death on peaches; but the more he ate the better he felt, till, at the end of his basket, he cried, "Let me not leave the world that contains such a beautiful fruit." An amiable way of partaking of the peach is to slice it, cover it with sugar, and let it remain on ice for an hour, or till it freezes; then pour equal parts of sweet wine and cream over the fruit, eat and realize a vegetable passion. A peach club has been formed among some of our gentlemen of refinement, who solemnly departed for the sunniest orchards of the Southwest to indulge in their favorite fruit, as anglers do in trout fishing. Only one bite is taken out of the crimson side of a peach. The last account was 1,331 peaches eaten by the best sportsman of the party.

The International Boat Race.

A corrected sketch of the race says: The Oxfords passed Barnes' bridge only two lengths ahead, the Harvards having made a brilliant spurt before reaching the bridge, by which they gained about three quarters of a length. The cockswain merely sprinkled water in Loring's face. The judge says the Harvards were only half a length, clear water, in the rear at the finish.

After the race the two crews dined at Mortlake with Mr. Phillips, who invited a large party to meet them. During the dinner, the Oxford men, in speeches, said the race was, if not the hardest, at least as hard as any they had ever contested, and praised the pluck and work of the Harvards.

The Harvards consider that their steering was rather out, making a possible difference of from half a length to a length. Loring was rather unwell, owing to overtraining.

The Harvards are well satisfied with their work and pleased with the arrangements which prevented any difficulty during the race.

The general opinion is that the race was thoroughly well conducted. Great praise resounds on all sides for each crew.

PHILIP GARARD, of Sauk Rapids, Minnesota, was bitten by a rattlesnake the other day. It fastened its fang in his forefinger, just below the first joint. With great presence of mind he forced it to loosen its hold, killed it, tied a string tightly around his finger above the bite, and then, after applying some tobacco to it, made his way to town for whisky, of which he drank a pint and a half. He has felt no serious effects from the bite of the snake.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in a bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the above said medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each separate, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hinderance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for two stamps. ap2

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:163-d&F

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET,

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,

FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28.n58

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FLOUR.—We are now receiving very choice Southern Wheat and making our Flour entirely from it.

PEARL THREE STAR GREEN BRAND, CHOICE PASTRY AND FANCY FLOUR, made from selected White Winter Wheat.

PEARL TWO STAR BLUE BRAND, the best family flour in the market, made from choice White and Amber Wheat.

PEARL ONE STAR RED BRAND, made from choice Red Wheat, high ground and gives very good satisfaction. As a CHEAP FLOUR it takes the lead of any in the market.

Our cleaning machinery is not surpassed by any in the country.

See that all sacks are sealed and labeled with date of manufacture.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.
August 9, 1869. au10

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

MINNESOTA BAKERS FLOURS.

480 bbls. Legal Tender, 347 bbls Ha Ha, 367 bbls Ermine, 170 bbls Summit Mills, 270 bbls Winona Co., 580 bbls Red River, 133 bbls May Day.

CHOICE WISCONSIN FLOURS.

560 bbls Riverside, 465 bbls White Star, 500 bbls various brands Spring Wheat Flour.

WINTER WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR.

City Mill of Springfield, Ohio, Pride of the West, Depot Mills, Massillon A, Paragon Mills Ringleader and Crown, choice St. Louis.

For sale lower than can be brought from the West. WAIT, LANG & CO.,
jy21 174 and 174 Wood Street.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 122 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 u8

AUCTION SALES.

LEASE OF COAL WORKS, HORSES, MULES, CARTS, &c.

SATURDAY MORNING, September 4th, at 10 o'clock, at Emery Bros. Coal Depot, corner Try street and Fourth Avenue, will be sold by order of John H. Bailey, Assignee of John A. and Edson Emery, Co partners, Leasehold of Coal Works in Robinson township, Allegheny county, with the buildings, fixtures, machinery, horses, mules, dump cars, carts, harness, scales, barrows, blacksmith's tools, iron, chains, &c.

au19 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

GOOD COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT AGNEW STATION AT AUCTION.—On MONDAY, September 6th, at 11 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, the present residence of Mr. Agnew, at Agnew Station, between Glendale and Haysville. There are over eleven acres ground, laid out in fruit and ornamental trees gardens, 1,200 grape vines, shrubbery, &c., &c. The house is a two story frame, containing nine rooms, substantial in construction and pleasant appearance. Living spring water in the house. Barn, spring house, coal house and tenant house within calling distance of the dwelling. The river view is exceedingly fine. The railway station is right on the ground. Eight trains to and from the city daily; time, thirty minutes. Parties contemplating buying a country place will do well to give this property and sale their special attention, as similar opportunities rarely occur. Visitors invited to examine prior to the sale. Possession given in sixty days, as the owner moves at that time. Terms will be made very liberal. Passengers from the city for the sale will take train at Federal street, at 9:00 or 9:30.

au 31 A. LESGATE, Auctioneer,
139 Federal street, Allegheny.

AUCTION SALE OF HOSPITAL BEDDING,

Clothing, Dressings, &c.

ASSISTANT MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30, 1869.

Will be sold at Public Auction, in this city, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of September, 1869, at Judiciary Square Depot, E street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, at 10 A. M., a large quantity of

HOSPITAL PROPERTY,

consisting of Bedding, Clothing and Dressings, among which will be found the following, viz: 3,000 Bed Sacks, 2,500 Blankets, 4,000 Counterpanes, 5,000 Gutta Percha Bed Covers, 4,500 Hair Pillows, 5,000 Pillow Cases, 5,000 Linen Sheets, 15,000 Drawers, 25,000 Shirts, 3,000 Sacks, 13,000 dozen Roller Bandages.

Also, Napkins, Cotton and Woolen Tape, Picked Lint, Cotton Wadding, Red Flannel, Soldiers' Silk, Linen Thread, 14,000 pounds Condensed Milk, 29,000 pounds Beef Extract.

ALL THE ABOVE ARTICLES ARE NEW AND NEVER HAVE BEEN USED.

Catalogues containing full particulars ready TEN DAYS BEFORE SALE.

Terms: Cash, in Government funds; 25 per cent. deposit required AT TIME OF SALE, and all goods to be removed IN FIVE DAYS.

CHAS. SOUTHERLAND
Assistant Medical Purveyor, Brevet Colonel, U. S. A. au:27n47

NOTICE.

LARGE SALE OF IRON.

DEPOT Q. M. OFFICE,
JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., August 16, 1869.

I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Depot, at

JEFFERSONVILLE, INDIANA,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., ON

WEDNESDAY, 22d Day of September, 1869,

A LARGE LOT OF IRON, consisting of various sizes, as follows:

About 88,585 lbs. of band iron, of the following sizes, viz:

3½x3-16 in.	3½x3-16 in.	2½x½ in.	1¼x3-16 in.
2½x¼ "	3½x¼ "	3½x¼ "	4½x3-16 "
4½x¼ "	4 x¼ "	3½x¼ "	4½x3-16 "
3¼x3-16 "	5 x¼ "	4½x¼ "	5 x3-16 "
4½x3-16 "	6 x¼ "	5½x¼ "	6¾x¼ "
4 x3-16 "	4½x¾ "	2¼x3-16	1¾x ¾ "
¾x ¾			

About 54,098 lbs. round iron of the following sizes, viz:

½ in.	⅝ in.	⅔ in.	⅞ in.	⅞ in.	1 in.
¼ "	¾ "	4½ "	¾ "	4 "	1½ "
3 "					

About 20,410 lbs. square iron of the following sizes, viz:

⅝ in.	¾ in.	1 in.	1¼ in.	2⅝ in.
5-16 "	⅞ "	1⅛ "		

About 314,367 lbs. bar iron, consisting of the following sizes:

4 x ⅜ in.	4 x1¼ in.	5 x ⅜ in.	4½x1 in.
3½x1½ "	4 x ½ "	5 x ½ "	5 x ⅜ "
5 x ⅜ "	4½x ⅜ "	5 x ½ "	5 x ½ "
5 x ½ "	5 x ⅜ "	5 x1 "	4 x1 "
2 x1¼ "	6¾x ¾ "	2 x ½ "	2½x1 "
1½x ⅜ "	1½x ¾ "	1½x1 "	1½x ⅜ "
1½x ½ "	2 x ⅜ "	2 x ⅝ "	2¼x ⅜ "
2¼x1 "	2¼x1½ "	2 x1½ "	2½x1¼ "
2¼x1½ "	2¼x ½ "	2 x1¾ "	3¼x ⅜ "
2¾x ⅜ "	3 x ⅜ "	3 x ½ "	3 x ⅝ "
1¾x ½ "	1¾x ¾ "	¾x ¾ "	1 x5 16"
1 x ⅜ "	1 x ½ "	2½x ⅜ "	2½x ½ "
3 x ⅜ "	1¾x ⅜ "	1¾x ½ "	3 x ¼ "
2¾x ½ "	1¾x ½ "	1½x ⅝ "	1¾x1½ "
2¾x ¾ "	1 x ¾ "	1¾x ¾ "	1¾x ¾ "

About 27,000 lbs. half round iron.
About 7,000 lbs. oval iron.
About 100 tons ambulance tire iron.
About 200 tons wagon tire iron.
Terms of Sale—Cash.
By order of the Quartermaster General.

J. A. POTTER,
Brevet Brig Gen. and Q. M. U. S. A.
au20:t29 Depot Q. M.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
COMMISSION STABLES
COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
au26:h4

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between MARY M. REDITH and WM. C. MEREDITH, engaged in the retail Grocery Business, at No. 256 Sandusky street, was dissolved on August 24, 1869. All accounts will be settled by the undersigned; also, the undersigned will pay no debts contracted by WM. C. MEREDITH after this date.

au25:n45. MARY MEREDITH.

FOR SALE

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. au19:n26

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each

INQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street,

mh15

SOUTH PITTSBURGH PROPERTY FOR SALE.—20 feet front on Carson street by 100 feet deep to Bingham street; a good two story Brick House of hall, two parlors, sitting room, four chambers, dining room, kitchen and wash house, cellar and coal vault, gas fixtures, cistern, well and hydrant water, yard and carriage house on Bingham street. Persons who wish to purchase a desirable residence should examine this property. Apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
au25 39 Sixth avenue.

VALUABLE STOCK FARM FOR SALE, situated in Westmoreland county, three miles north of "New Florence." Contains 540 acres, 400 of which is clear land and a large portion in grass. The land is rich and well watered. The building consists of a large frame Dwelling, two frame Barns and numerous outbuildings. All the stone on the ground to erect a fine new dwelling; Cellar dug. This farm is offered at the low price of $40 per acre, with easy payments. Apply soon to

R. McLAIN & CO.,
au30 No. 104 Fourth Avenue.

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Hazlep's Alley.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer located as follows: On Hazlep's alley, from Fairmont street to North Avenue, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an act relating to Allegheny City," approved March 24, A. D. 1869.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 26th day of August A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au31

AN ORDINANCE

Fixing the Width of Sidewalks for Alleys.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That hereafter the width of sidewalks on all alleys 24 feet wide and over shall be five feet.

SEC. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 26th day of August, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: JOSEPH R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au31

AN ORDINANCE

Changing the Name of Spring Alley.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the name of Spring alley, in the First ward, be changed to Coleman street.

SEC. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 12th day of August, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.
ATTEST: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
au31 Clerk of Common Council.

RESOLUTION

To Open Jefferson Street.

Resolved by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, That Jefferson street be opened an uniform width from west line of Beckfield's lots to Ackley alley, in all about 50 feet, and that S. W. McGinness, James Graham, Andrew Davison, ground holders, be and they are hereby appointed viewers to view and assess the damages and benefits in accordance with the provisions of the act of Assembly, approved May 1st, A. D. 1861, and that the Clerks of Councils notify them of their appointment.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, August 28, 1869.

We do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the resolution passed by the Select and Common Councils of said city, at a stated meeting held on Thursday, 26th inst.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
Attest: ROBT. DILWORTH,
au31 Clerk of Common Council.

PROPOSALS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., August 27, 1869.

TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.—The Sewer Commission of the City of Allegheny are prepared to receive proposals for the construction of a

Trunk Sewer, about 2,000 Feet in Length,

On Spring Garden Avenue, from Angle street to the city line.

Drawings and specifications can be seen and full information obtained, at the City Engineer's office. Bids will be received for constructing the sewer in brick and also in stone and must be delivered on or before SEPTEMBER 4th, 1869. Forms of proposals, on which forms alone bids will be received, will be furnished at the City Engineer's office.

The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

By order of the Commission,

CHARLES DAVIS
au28:n69 CITY ENGINEER.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, August 25th, 1869.

NOTICE.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., THURSDAY, September 2d, 1869, for NUMBERING THE UNNUMBERED HOUSES IN THE CITY. Bidders will state the cost at which the work will be done per number, including the placing of the names of streets at corners where buildings are suitable

au26:n55 W. M. PORTER, City Controller.

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Macinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat. mh26

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ NEW YORK

CIRCUS.

From the Hippotheatron Iron Buildings, 14th Street, opposite the Academy of Music, New York.

L. B. LENT, - - - - Director,

WILL EXHIBIT ON THE

Diamond, Allegheny City,

MONDAY, TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY,

August 30th and 31st, and Sept. 1st.

THIS CELEBRATED TROUPE,

Which is permanently established in a splendid Iron edifice on Fourteenth street, New York, will occupy the usual summer vacation, during which the building is closed, with a

GRAND EXCURSION BY RAILWAY

through the country, travelling by special trains chartered for the purpose, with the intention of giving the inhabitants of other cities and towns an opportunity of witnessing a carefully selected programme of those

Brilliant, Exciting and Elegant

EQUESTRIAN ENTERTAINMENTS.

Which for years have proved one of the most popular and successful features of the public amusement in New York. To those who have ever witnessed the performances of this troupe, either at the Hippotheatron Buildings in New York or during the former summer excursions, it is only necessary to say that this year

New Artists, New Features,

And New Attractions

Combine to render its resources for the production of novelty

Greater than Ever Before,

And that it is confidently believed that in all respects the performances to be given the present season will be found not only superior to anything of the kind hitherto witnessed in America, but positively

UNEQUALED IN ANY COUNTRY.

NO CATCHPENNY SIDE SHOWS are allowed with this establishment.

ADMISSION, ...50 cents.
Children under ten, ...25 cents.

NO STANDING ROOM. SEATS FOR ALL.

Doors open at 2 and 7. Grand Entree at 2½ and 7½ P. M.

For the convenience of Ladies and Families, Tickets can be secured at Hoffman & Hale's Music Store.

C. W. FULLER, Agent.

au21:25:28:30:31:1

☞ **FIFTH AVENUE HALL.**—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of reserte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

LEGAL.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of "The Hopewell Old School Presbyterian Church, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania" for a Charter of Incorporation, at No. 604 September Term, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that the "HOPEWELL OLD SCHOOL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pa.," have made application to the Court of Common Pleas for a

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,

And that the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless sufficient reason should be shown to the contrary.

au2 J. H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of ALEXANDER DUNLAP, of Pine Township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to the same will make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated to

Mrs. RACHEL DUNLAP,
Administratrix of Alexander Dunlap, dec'd.
SAMUEL PALMER, Attorney for Administratrix, No. 87 Fifth avenue. au29:n48 W

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of RUDOLPH HUNZEKER having been granted by the Register of Allegheny county to the undersig

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

A Rare Chance—The Hat store for sale by E. R. Wilson. See advertisement.

Revival.—The great revival at John Wesley Chapel (colored) still continues. Over three hundred have been blessed within its walls. Where will it end?

Disorderly.—Yesterday James Donnelly and Ellen Scanlon were fined $20 by Mayor Drum for acting in a disorderly manner in the Allegheny market house.

Allegheny City Taxpayers.—Your attention is called to an advertisement on the fifth page of to-day's paper, headed "To the Delinquent Taxpayers of Allegheny City."

Political.—On Friday evening next the Allegheny Republican Executive Committee will hold a meeting to make arrangements for the primary meetings, for the nomination of municipal officers. A full attendance of the members is desired.

The Circus.—This afternoon and evening the last performances of the great New York Circus will be given at the Diamond in Allegheny. Let none of our readers fail to embrace the opportunity of participating in the model and refined entertainment.

Struck Him.—John Mulsh was before Alderman McMasters yesterday, charged with striking Andrew Neudoefer with his fist, an indignity and injury which Andrew alleges was uncalled for and unbearable. John, after a hearing, gave bail for his appearance at Court.

Stock Sale.—The following stocks were sold last evening, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms No. 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, Auctioneer.

Iron City National Bank	97.50
Exchange " "	73,00
Second " "	98,00

Larceny.—Knocking a little boy down in the street and taking away from him two bedstead slats, constitutes larceny. That is the offense which Jas. O'Brien, John Mahan and Jas. Lysle were charged with by James Mullen before Alderman Taylor, yesterday. Officer Bell is on the look out for the parties.

The Central Bank.—It will be noticed that a dividend of five per cent. out of the earnings of the last six months has been declared by this institution, thus verifying the opinion formerly given by us of the energy and ability of its management and the favor in which it is held by the trading and manufacturing community.

Short Honeymoon.—Josephine Taylor's honeymoon was very short. One day last week she was married by Mayor Drum to George Taylor. Yesterday she again called at the Mayor's office and stated that George had refused to do anything toward her support. George was committed to answer the charge of desertion at Court.

Assault and Battery.—John Woods made information before Justice Salisbury, of Birmingham, yesterday, charging Patrick Murphy, of South Pittsburgh, with assault and battery. He alleges that Patrick attacked him without provocation and struck him on the head with his fist. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Pat.

Against the Peace.—John A. Jacobs, alleges that W. Hazlett, Francis Bemaur, Wm. Matthews, and Michael Donahue, threatened to carry away from his premises an iron tank. Fearing they might carry their threat into execution he lodged information against them for surety of the peace before Alderman Butler yesterday. Warrant issued.

Attempted Burglary.—Some time during Monday evening a burglar attempted to enter the house of Mr. Robert McCowan on Observatory Hill, Second ward, Allegheny, by climbing over the portico and trying one of the second story windows. The chap, however, was frightened off by hearing some persons in the house, who were awakened by his movements.

Seriously Injured.—Mr Baily a brakeman on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, was seriously injured yesterday, at the siding in the Seventeenth ward. He was engaged in coupling cars, when his hand was caught between the "bull noses" and so badly crushed as to render the amputation of three of his fingers necessary. Dr Robinson was summoned and amputated the fingers, and the injured man was removed to his boarding house.

The Second Ward Republican Club held a regular meeting last night, to perfect arrangements for escorting Governor Morton to City Hall to-morrow evening. About one hundred of the members were present, and old-fashioned enthusiasm was manifested. The roll book received a large accession to the membership and to the marching corps. A drill will be held to-night at Wilkins' Hall, and persons in or out of the ward desiring to march to-morrow night will be made welcome and supplied with the new uniforms just procured.

Life Insurance is something that is fast gaining confidence in the minds of the people. it is no more imaginary. There has been so many families benefited by its provisions in the past that it has caused considerable inquiry in the minds of some what plan they will select to be most profitable, to insure on. To such we would say, go to the office of the Iron City Mutual Life Insurance Company of Pennsylvania—office 75 Federal street, Allegheny City—and you can receive all the information you require. It is a home Company, and invest or loan all their money at home—being purely mutual, each policy holder receives his portion of the profits. The Comyany is conducted with economy, its directors are men of experience and well known to the community at large.

A New Enterprise.—We presume the fact is not generally known that we have a large electro-plating establishment in our midst. Hitherto we have depended solely upon the East in this matter. If we wanted a pitcher, a set of spoons, or a door plate replated, we were compelled to send them to the East, a proceeding that prevented many from entertaining the idea of ordering the replating of old ware. The idea prevailed that it was almost as cheap to buy new ware. Now, however, old ware of every description can be made to look as beautiful by having it replated at No. 1 Sixth street, as though it was fresh from the hands of the manufacturers. Some of the specimens of work we examined in the establishment, and which we fancied were new, were made before we were born. They were replated.

THE PARK QUESTION.

Defeat of the Project by an Overwhelming Majority.

The Park election proceeded quietly throughout the city yesterday, but little interest being manifested in any direction save to defeat the measure. A comparatively small vote was out but the manner of its distribution on the tally papers shows conclusively that the people are dead set against the little luxury proposed, at least for the present. Herewith we present the returns so far as we have received them. The other wards to hear from cannot possibly change the result. We estimate that the Park has been postponed indefinitely by about forty-five hundred majority:

	FOR.	AGAINST.
First ward	25	244
Second ward	45	153
Third ward	23	226
Fourth ward	36	182
Fifth ward	24	208
Sixth ward	11	444
Seventh ward	18	260
Eighth ward	15	309
Ninth ward	19	323
Tenth ward	5	252
Eleventh ward	9	337
Twelfth ward	15	385
Thirteenth ward	—	—
Fourteenth ward	30	278
Fifteenth ward	3	290
Sixteenth ward	5	217
Seventeenth ward	8	376
Eighteenth ward	No election held.	
Ninetenth ward	22	141
Twentieth ward	No election held.	
Twenty-first ward	8	96
Twenty-second ward	82	6
Twenty-third ward	—	—
	43	4819
Majority against Park		4416
Aggregate vote		5223

Pittsburgh Collegiate Institute.

The matter of establishing an institution in this city, for young ladies, says that excellent religious paper the Presbyterian Banner, has engaged the attention of the public for some time. A meeting of the friends of the enterprise was held in July and among other things an Executive Committee was appointed, consisting of Revs. Messrs. Scovel, Reid, Noble Swift; and Gillespie, charged with the duty of originating measures to perfect an organization, and to have a general oversight of the work. This Committee has had the subject under consideration, and has submitted to the public a plan for forming a joint stock company with a capital of $200,000, divided into shares of $500 each. Subscriptions may be taken for a less sum, representing half and quarter shares.

At least two thirds of the members of the Board shall be members in full communion of some branch of the Presbyterian Church.

3. The location, as decided upon by the Committee, (the Pitcairn property, fronting the Pennsylvania Railroad, at the Shadyside Sration,) is understood as binding all the shares subscribed, subject, nevertheless, to the revision of the Committee, in case this should be necessary or desirable; and when one hundred shares are taken ($50,000,) the same is to decide the issue, and the work is to go forward. The Rev. Samuel S. Shriver has been appointed Financial Secretary, and the Committee ask for him, and the cause he represents, the respectful and earnest consideration of all the friends of education.

A location is decided upon—at the Shadyside Station, East Pittsburgh—and an agent has been appointed. We are advised by Mr. Shriver that he is now receiving subscriptions in the community favored with the location, and where $20,000 are pledged to the interest. This sum is nearly realized, and will be exceeded provided other parties interested do their duty. Having this as a beginning, it is proposed to visit the churches in the city and suburbs in rotation, and by a careful canvassing of the whole field, to secure in the least possible time, the sum of $50,000, necessary to warrant the Committee to go forward in taking steps to procure a charter and to organize.

Coroner's Business.

Mrs. Catherine Ransall, death from consumption; Thomas Dardis, death from a similar cause; Hugh McCoy, found drowned in the Monongahela river at Frankstown; Edward M. Taylor, killed at Wilkinsburg on the Pennsylvania Railroad; Mena Dressler, aged ten years killed by the accidental discharge of a pistol which she was handling, at South Pittsburgh; Walter Robinson, a boy drowned while bathing in the Allegheny river; Theodore Andersen, death from sunstroke in Winebiddle's woods; Hugh McGowan, death from sunstroke; Mrs. Bierer, death from apoplexy at Etna borough; John Bremen, death from paralysis of the heart, at Allegheny City; Jane Morrison, colored, death from hemorrhage of the lungs; Mrs. Margaret McDonald, killed at Walker's Mills, Panhandle Railroad; Moses Armstrong, death from suicide; John Carothers, deck hand, drowned in the Monongahela river; R. O. Hadfield, fatally burned at Fort Pitt Foundry; James Bovard, aged two years, run over and killed by a cart in Lawrenceville; James Vaughn, a boy, run over on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad at Wood's Run; John Whittleby, killed by a fall at the Work House building; Michael McCarthy, killed by a fall in Allegheny; Mrs. Bell, death from an overdose of morphine in Allegheny; Leopold Schneider, killed by falling down a flight of stairs in Allegheny; Andrew Tiernan, fatally stabbed by Michael Gill. It will be observed that only two cases of fatal sunstroke occurred during the present month.

Ward Meeting.

The Republican voters of the Second ward, Allegheny, held a meeting at the School House on Monday evening to organize for the campaign, Mr. Wm. Tate, Jr., presided, with Mr. Robert Dilworth as Secretary.

On motion, a Committee of Eleven was appointed to devise a plan for conducting the campaign, and report the names of suitable persons to serve on the various sub-committees. Messrs. John Riddle, G. M. Irwin, Jos. McDonald, Jas. Sprague, L. H. Eaton, B. T. Beatty, W. Patton, Wm. Tate, Jr., Simon Drum, W. P. Price, and Robert Dilworth, constitute the Committee.

The meeting then adjourned until Friday evening, the 3d inst., when the report of the Committee will be presented.

Alleged Aggravated Assault.

Michael O'Rourke made information before Alderman Lynch, yesterday, against James Rice and Peter Wickline for aggravated assault and battery. The parties are glassblowers. Yesterday they were in a saloon on Fifth avenue, near Stevenson street, when a dispute arose. To settle it they adjourned to the street, where, according to O'Rourke's statements, the accused beat him terribly. His nose was broken and he was otherwise injured in the scuffle to such an extent as to be almost unable to walk. The accused were arrested and committed for trial in default of bail.

The Point Homicide.

Coroner Clawson, having been notified of the death of Andrew Tiernan, the unfortunate man who was stabbed, as is alleged, by Michael Gill, at Snyder's saloon, near the "Point," Saturday night, a notice of which we published yesterday, repaired to the residence of the deceased yesterday morning to hold an inquest. When it was ascertained by the friends of the deceased that a *post mortem* examination would have to be made they strongly objected, and refused to allow the physicians, Drs. Daly and Hamilton, to proceed with the examination. The Coroner endeavored to impress upon their minds the necessity of making the examination, but to no purpose. A brother of the deceased, who most strongly opposed it, would not listen to reason, but swore that the Doctors should not touch the body. Father Garland, who was with Tiernan when he died, also endeavored to persuade the brother to submit to the examination, but his efforts were without success. Chief Hague was notified of the state of affairs, and at the request of the corner and suggestion of some of Tiernan's friends, took the brother in charge and confined him in the lockup, after which the remaining members of the family, made no objections to holding the examination. Two cuts were found in the abdomen, one on the right side, penetrating the liver. It was this that caused death. The other was near the thigh, but penetrated to the abdominal cavity. A third cut had been made in the right ear, the knife penetrating the ear. Both these latter wounds were serions.

The Coroner then empannelled a jury, but on account of the absence of important witnesses, the inquest adjourned, to meet at the mayors office, this morning, at half past ten oclock, when District attorny Pearson, will conduct the examination of witnesses.

Deceased was thirty-five years of age and leaves a wife and three small children. He was born in county Galway, Ireland, and has been in this city for two years. He was employed in Anderson & Cook's steel works.

Michael Gill, the man charged with inflicting the wounds which caused Tiernan's death, as has been been previously stated, was arrested Saturday night shortly after the affray occurred and retained in the lock-up until next morning, when information was made charging him with felonious assault and battery, upon which charge he was committed to jail for a hearing. Yesterday morning information was made before the Mayor charging him with murder. He was brought out of jail, but as the Coroner's investigation had not been concluded, he was again committed for a hearing. We have heard rumors of the amount of evidence against Gill, but as the matter will have to undergo a legal investigation, we do not think it proper to give those rumors to the public.

The Old Drury Refreshened.

The Old Theatre has just emerged as bright as a new pin from a repairing and renovating period, and will now compare in point of neatness, beauty and comfort with any of the amusement places in the city. The old place has been so transformed that its old *habitues* will hardly recognize it. Painting, cleaning, papering and upholstering have been in brisk progress, and now everything is nearly completed, and the result is a charming and beautiful theatre. One begins to see improvement the moment he enters the vestibule, and likes the freshness and cleanness that are apparent. In passing in it is observable that the box office, where we are glad to see our pleasant friend, Geore Miller, Esq., is to preside as of old, has been renovated, as well as all the rest. The improvements inside the building are all noticeable. The walls have been handsomely frescoed in light and cheerful panelling, and the fronts of the boxes and the ceilings match them nicely. The balustrades in front of the dress circle and the gallery, are cheerfully and tastefully panelled in blue and buff, and the general effect is very pretty. The iron columns supporting the gallery have been painted and the capitals touched with gilding. The private boxes have been newly papered and upholstered, and are now very neat and comfortable. The stage, which is an excellent one, has been thoroughly overhauled, and almost entire new scenery has been painted by Mr. Ward, the scenic artist. The unsightly stairways that led to the gallery from the inside, have been removed, and has the cumbrous wooden railing around the dress circle. The benches in the parquette were taken out and replaced by new and handsome arm chairs. The same kind of chairs are in the dress circle and are decidedly neat. Altogeter, the improvements have made the theatre a very plessant place. We are glad to know that officer A. Boyd Rook, who has always given such perfect satisfaction, will again be on duty here next season.

Unlawful Kicking.

A man should never threaten to kick the head off his opponent. It's very discourteous to do so, and besides is contrary to law. Such a threat may lead the threatener into trouble. No man wishes to have his head disposed of in such a summary style, and naturally every one will endeavor to prevent the disfiguration. Various methods are resorted to for protection. Some men knock the threatener down, and use him in a manner which unfits him to put the threat into execution; others take a milder method, but perhaps the more effectual, in seeking the protection of the law. It was this latter course that N. S. Mulholland adopted yesterday, when, as he alleges, he was threatened with this peculiar decapitation by Patrick Divers. It was very effectual. Mr. Divers, after divers manoeuverings, was brought to Alderman Butler's office, and after the usual formula, in which the solemn majesty of the law was exhibited to his wondering comprehension, he was considerately furnished with quartors at a public house. The only inconvenience of Mr. Divers' present residence, consists in the fact that he cannot retire from it until his case is disposed of at the next term of court.

Not According to Instructions.

Yesterday Mr. Samuel McKee appeared before Alderman Taylor and made information against Henry Shurman for larceny. McKee is a tinner, and proprietor of an establishment on Ohio street, Allegheny. Shurman he alleges was employed in his shop, as a workman under instructions. It is said he went outside his instructions by making articles of tin-ware, using his employer's material, then selling the articles and thus supplying himself with pocket money. This is one side of the story. The Alderman issued a warrant for Henry's arrest, and when secured he will be allowed an opportunity for explanation.

Our Future Water Supply.

At the session of the Councils, on the 30th the following report was presented from the Water Committee. We noticed its substance yesterday, but now place the full text before our readers.

To the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh:

GENTLEMEN: The Water Committee begs leave to report that since the report made to your bodies in December, 1868, they have been diligently at work in connection with the Surveyors, and with the advice and assistance of the City Engineer have collected valuable information as to the most feasible and economical location for a new water works. Having visited all points suitable to the purpose above Negley's Run, we find that the water between the latter place and Sandy Creek is in abundance, good and pure. At Sandy Creek the ground is not available for the purpose. The same may be said of Ireland run. Your Committee have concluded that the most available and economical point is between Negley's and Shade's run. At Negley's run and below it the water is more or less contaminated by the drainage of East Liberty. Above this at Shade's run, the water is from eight to ten feet deep at the lowest stage. The property fronting this pool contains about one hundred acres, having an admirable water front for the purpose, and having locations on the ground for reservoirs at the height of 90, 120, 311 and 562 feet above the river at the present water works. This property also contains about fifty acres of excellent coal to supply the engines for elevating the water to all points above; also, a valuable stone quarry where suitable stone can be procured for the necessary buildings.

After a thorough and careful examination of all the sites proposed, your Committee invited proposals from the respective owners for the sale of the different properties. They were submitted, and upon mature deliberation of all the circumstances connected with the speedy and most economical supply of the enlarged city with water at present, and the prospective advantage both of location and price, your Committee unanimously recommend the purchase of the property of Messrs. Coleman & Rahm, as being not only the most suitable in all respects, but much the cheapest of all the sites offered.

Signed by the entire Committee.

The report was accepted and filed.

Mr. T. B. A. David.

This gentleman, who has for the past five years had the superintendence of the Western Union Telegraph Company over a territory extending from Bedford and Altoona over Western Pennsylvania, the most of Ohio and a large part of Indiana and Illinois, this day relinquishes his office to engage in other business.

Parts of Mr. David's district will be henceforth attached to other districts and be under other supervision, and the Pittsburgh district, thus somewhat reduced in extent, will from this date be in charge of Mr. Charles O. Rowe, an accomplished telegrapher, hitherto an assistant of Mr. David's, in charge of the company's lines and offices in the Oil regions, where his reputation was that of a thorough, energetic and obliging man of business.

Of Mr. David, the retiring officer, we have never heard a complaint; from this city as a focal point, he has during all the years of his incumbency, managed the operations of the company over a district of unwonted extent, so efficiently, that there has scarcely been an hour when communications were not promptly transmitted over all the lines. His duties, all the time pressing and responsible, have at times been exceedingly arduous, taxing severely his physical and mental energies. He has never faltered, never failed. With a quiet, persistent energy he has grappled with and surmounted all difficulties, commending himself not only to the company for fidelity and zeal in all circumstances, but also to our entire business community for his success in accomplishing for it a prompt and satisfactory transmission of every commercial message. If men of business will reflect on the great value of such a man in such a place, they will join us in this public and grateful acknowledgment of them, and also in cordial wishes for his prosperity in the enterprise which withdraws him from the office in which he has so well earned the public confidence and respect.

Register's Business.

The following is a report of the letters of administrators granted, and wills admitted to probate during the month of August, in the office of Joseph H. Grey, County Register.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION GRANTED.

Decedent.	Administrator.	Bond.
Haver Higler	J. H. Baldwin	$ 200 00
Louisa G. Collins	Samuel Collins	2,000 00
Berda Johannison	John F. Johannison	1,000 00
Thomas Martin	Hanna Martin	1,300 00
Mrs. M. A. Tustin	Wm. E. Tustin	1 000 00
Nancy Kennedy	Sarah G. Kennedy	1,200 00
Mary McGough	Geo. Black	3,000 00
Robt. Wallace	A. H. Miller	15,000 00
Wm. Whitla	Chastina Whitla	1,000 00
J. Chambers	Olivia Chambers	100 00
Thos. S. Johnson	Annie Johnson	2,400 00
Ann Lewis	David Lewis	200 00
David Girty	Ann Girty	200 00
Michael Higman	Caroline Higman	100 00
Timothy Lawton	Mary Lawton	200 00
Rudolph Hunzeker	Mar. Hunzeker	1,200 00
James Longmore	Isabel Longmore	1,000 00
J. R. McKee	Catharin McKee	12,000 00
Moses Armstrong	Thomas Vernier	1,400 00
Alex. Dunlap	Rachael Dunlap	3,000 00
John Mentzer	Robt. Sproull	2,000 00
C. F. Muhlbroner	S. G. Krehan	1,500 00
H. W. Larmer	Moses Horn	600 00
Abigail Lafferty	Hugh Lafferty	2,000 00
Christiana Arnold	Philip Grunagle	1,400 00
Peter Zeufuz	Wilhelmina Zehuz	200 00
Ann Keys	Samuel Keys	200 00
Wm. Vance	R. Vance & C Clutter	1,000 00

WILLS ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

Decedent	Executor.
Christ. Cook	Mary Cook,
Henry Zoller	Lavina Zoller,
Conrad Pfeil	Mrs. Pfeil.
J. Schneider	Catharine Schneider.
E. H. Hastings	Mary and Daniel Hastings,
Sarah Boyd	Isaac Rhodes.
John Verner.	Thomas Verner and James S. Marshall
John Haben	Wm. Haben.
Jacob Boobyer	Jacob and Ed. Boobyer,
George Forster.	Elizabeth Forster.
T. Hamilton.	John C. Kramer and Wm. Hamilton,
Is. Jimmison	Moses P. Jimmison.
Phil. Palmer	John Neff and Theresa Palmer,
Ann Gormly	J. A. Butler and S. Barclay.
Rob. Robison	Ethne. Samuel B. and R. A. Robison and Quinsy A.
John Jackson	John Jackson and J. Slater.
John Means	Thomas Means and Jackson Duncan.
Fred. Rhodes	Benj Coursin, Frederic Rhodes and Jan Rhodes.
S. McKown	Samuel, Alfred and Joseph McKown.

Red Hot Assault.

Iron crow bars are very useful under certain circumstances, but they may be used very improperly. As, for instance, one may be heated red hot, and used as a weapon for attacking an opponent. The effect in such a case would hardly fail to be disastrous to the party attacked. Sometimes they are used in this way. Michael Lambie alleges he was made the victim of a most grievous assault by Wm. Moorhead, who handled a red hot crowbar in very uncomfortable proximity to his person, going so far as to strike him with it. The parties are employes at Lippincott's Mill, and had a little dispute, which Michael alleges was thus summarily ended by William. Alderman Butler was made acquainted with the case, and issued a warrant for the arrest of William yesterday.

Retrenchment and Reform.

EDITORS GAZETTE: Will you allow a lobby member, entirely uninterested, save so far as our city's interest and respectability may be concerned, to say a few words on the "performance" of the Chairman of the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform at the meeting of Common Councils on Monday afternoon.

First, however, of the Committee. By the raising of it, have not the members of Councils created a tribunal, of their own number, for their own condemnaton, or justification? Thus far the Water Committee has been arraigned, if not for collusion, at least for gross neglect in the matter of water pipe extension, allowing on the part of the Contractor irregularities which, if substantiated, may well excite the indigation of a trusting people. And just here, does it not also seem that Councils, in creating the Committee, had quite as little conception of what was likely to follow, as the Chairman seems to have of his proper functions?

Mr Morgan, in his boast about "my report" and what he had done, individually, himself, alone, quite submerged his colleagues of the Committee, and assumed a virtue, if he had it not, disregarding threats, "kicks and cuffs," fearlessly proceeding in his investigation, as he would to the end, with no enemies to punish or friends to reward, knowing no man outside of law and justice, and having solely in view the people's interest. His "performance" was, in his peculiar line of "sound and fury," a complete success, eliciting somewhat marked applause from the looby. Experience, however, proves that investigations thus commenced seldom amount to much in the end, the men engaged therein failing to inspire confidence by their indecent haste and illy concealed desire for self advancement.

It will be quite time for the expression of virtuous indignation, when the Committee have presented the facts in such shape as to warrant it; but that time is not yet. And I fear, enough having been shown, perhaps, to justify *thorough* investigation, the "champion" has exhausted his strength in a mere reconnoissance, and that his further demonstrations will be barren of good to himself or those he would serve.

The Chairman's assertion that he is not actuated by malice or personal feeling is well refuted by *his* supplemental report on the eligibility of certain members of Common Councils. The fact that the gentlemen referred to were connected with printing establishments, doing work for the city, was within the knowledge of every member at the organization in January. An *honest* desire to test the question of eligibility would, I am sure, at any time since then have been met in a proper spirit, and a decision secured from the proper source. Mr. M. evidently *had* some grudge to satisfy, and hence his attempt of Monday, in which he stood alone, none of his fellow members of the Committee joining him in the effort to "expel" obnoxious members.

CITIZEN.

The Vigilance Committee of the Eighth Ward

Met at the School House on Tuesday evening, 31st inst., and organized by electing Capt. Samuel Kilgore, President, Isaac N. Coursin, Secretary, and B. B. Hunnicutt, Treasurer.

An invitation from the Second Ward Marching Corps was accepted for the 7th and 8th Wards Marching Phalanx to join them for the purpose of escorting Senator Morton, of Indiana, to City Hall on Thursday evening next.

On motion of Mr. McFaden, the 7th and 8th Wards Marching Phlanx were requested to meet at the School House on Thursday evening, next at half past six o'clock, uniformed.

The following names were added to the Vigilance Committee:

John Wallace,	Fred Park,
William K. Hart,	J. M. Johnston,
Jos. Hartman,	Robt. McCready,
Wm. Little,	Geo. McCune,
Jos. Marshall,	J. B. Williams,
Henry Snively,	Wm. F. Armstrong,
Geo. Rogers	John Dunn,
Eward Arthurs,	J. R. Neuman,
Samuel Shore	Samuel Scott,
Wm. Shore, Jr.,	Emel Poersel.
Geo. B. McKee,	Geo. Heffick,
Jas. S. Patterson,	Jacobrt. Walter.
Chas. Martin,	J. Guy McCandless,
W. G. Dunseath,	Capt Geo. Chalmers,
Samuel Logan,	Chas. Colwell,
J. B. Chalmers,	Jos. Booth,
Wm. Little, Jr.,	John G Bryant,
O. P. Torrence,	—— Cannon,
E. S Gardner,	John W. Johns,
Cummons Cherry, Jr.,	Jno. Smith, Webster st.
Henry Cohran,	Wm. C. Dodds,
V. G. Elliot,	Hugh Y. Boyce,
W. F. McCue,	Dr J. L. Harris,
Fred Eversman,	Wm. Powell,
Jackson Hill,	Jno. Scott.
Jos. Moore,	

Adjourned to meet Wednesday evening, 8th inst., at 7½ o'clock.

The Pittsburgh Annual Conference of the Methodist Church will hold its next session at Fairmont, W. Va., commencing at ten o'clock to-day, and will continue about a week. Revs. Prof. A. Webster, D. D., John J. Murray, D. D., L. W. Bates, D. D., James Nichols, D. D., and Daniel Barnes, editor of the Baltimore "Methodist Protestant," are the Fraternal Delegates from the Maryland Annual Conference of the M. P. Church, to this body. The subject of uniting all the non-Episcopal Methodist Churches in the country in one denomination, will be discussed and no doubt recommended at this Conference.

We shall try and keep our readers posted in reference to its doings.

Destroyed his Raiment.—Quite an excitement was created last evening about six o'clock, by the maneuverings of a drunken tavern keeper on Ohio street, who had been picked up and taken home by one of the Independent police, and in return, pitched into the official as he turned to leave tearing his cloths almost to pieces. The fellow was finally quieted down and will doubtless settle the matter when recovered from his drunken spree.

Fruit Jars.—One of the most important requisites in preserving fruits is a supply of the proper kind of preserving jars. The fruits may be preserved in the most careful manner, but if the receptacle in which it is placed be not perfect the labor and expense will be in vain. Messrs. S. M. Kier & Co., 363 Liberty street, have a large assortment on hand, which are guaranteed to be just what is needed.

Chapped Hands, face and all roughness of the skin, certainly cured by using the *Juniper Tar Soap*, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It surpasses all other remedies as it will prevent roughness of the skin if used during cold weather. It is easily applied, avoiding all the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use. It can be used by ladies with the most tender skin, without irritation or pain, making it soft and clear. Sold by the druggists generally. wT

Linen Table Damasks,
Tea Napkins,
Dinner Napkins,
Embroidered Handkerchiefs,
Hemmed Handkerchiefs.
BATES & BELL'S.

Marvin's superior crackers may be procured at 91 Liberty street, or at any grocery in the two cities. Buy them, try them.

The Fifth Avenue Bank.

Yesterday a magnificent bank safe or vault was placed in the new and prosperous Fifth Avenue Bank. It is of large proportions, and warranted to withstand the crafty skill of burglars or the greatest heat of the fiery element. We are glad to learn that this youngest among our banking institutions has since its opening in June last been very successful, receiving a very large share of public patronage, especially from parties doing business in the section of the city in which located. The President of the Bank, Edward Dithridge, Esq., a gentleman recognized for an ordinary life time among our most prominent and successful manufacturers, together with the excellent Board of Directors, manage and control its affairs in such manner as to win the confidence of the general community. The appointments of Mr. F. E Schenck as Cashier, and Mr. Harry Abel as Teller, were excellent ones, as no more clever, courteous and accommodating gentlemen could have been selected to preside over the counting room. The bank office is located at No. 195 Fifth avenue, and is elegantly fitted up for business. Interest is allowed on time deposits while discounts are made and collections attended to, on the most reasonable terms. As a safe, reliable and accommodating bank, we can recommend the Fifth avenue, and we bespeak for it a still greater prosperity and popularity.

Pretty Women.—A comparatively few Ladies monopolize the Beauty as well as the attention of Society. This ought not to be so, but it is; and will be while men are foolish, and single out pretty faces for companions.

This can all be changed by using Hagan's Magnolia Balm, which gives the Bloom of Youth and a Refined sparkling Beauty to the Complexion, pleasing, powerful, and natural.

No Lady need complain of a red, tanned, freckeled or rustic Complexion who will invest 75 cents in Hagan's Magnolia Balm. Its effects are truly wonderful.

To preserve and dress the Hair use Lyon's Katharion. MWFF.

The language of nature and experience demonstrates that whoever would enjoy the pleasures of food, the beauties of landscape, the joys of companionship, the riches of literature, or the honors of station and renown, *must preserve their health.* The effect of foul, injurious food, entering the stomach, is to derange the digestive organs and produce headache, loss of appetite, unrefreshing sleep, low spirits, feverish burnings, etc., which are the symptoms of that horrid disease, *Dyspepsia*, which assumes a thousand shapes, and points toward a miserable life and premature decay. PLANTATION BITTERS will prevent, overcome and counteract all of these effects. They act with unerring power, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

To-day, every lady in Pittsburgh may find a choice and fashionable assortment of fancy goods, trimmings, &c., at Moorhead's, 81 Market street.

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Printed P. K's, worth one dollar, closing out at 50 cents. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 52 St. Clair street.

Black Alpacas,
Hoop Skirts,
Swisses,
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Tarlatans. BATES & BELL'S.

Purchasers of fancy dry goods, wholesale or retail, will study their own interests by spending money at Moorhead's, 81 Market street.

Remnants of dress goods, silks and poplins and wool goods, cheap at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s.

New, Fresh and Attractive—The goods at Moorhead's, 81 Market street.

DIED.

HUMBERT—On Tuesday, August 31st, at 4 o'clock P. M., Miss MATILDA E., daughter of Geo. and Jane Humbert, aged 21 years and 17 days.

Funeral will take place from the residence of the parents, 125 Rebecca street, Allegheny, to-day (Wednesday) at 4 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 163 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2.00 each.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. R. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, SUCCESSORS TO UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $3 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished also. All kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

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Carriages for Funerals, $2.00 Each.
COFFINS and all Funeral Furnishment at reduced rates. au7

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I am now prepared to offer them at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
W. G. DUNSEATH.
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Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his
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